

Set	Items	Description
S1	1402176	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	2525	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N) SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT? ()PLANNING
S3	1701493	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART? ? OR PIECE? ? OR C- OMPONENT? ?
S4	1312864	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	900104	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	246	S1(S)S2
S7	123	S6(S)S3
S8	45	S7(S)S4
S9	20	S8(S)S5
S10	1	S9 AND IC=G06F-017/60
S11	15	S9 AND IC=G06F?

Scanned titles & abstract

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Aug W03
(c) 2005 European Patent Office

File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2005/UB=20050825,UT=20050818
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio

11/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784185 **Image available**

A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR STREAM-BASED COMMUNICATION IN A COMMUNICATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT

SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE PRODUCTION FOURNISSANT UN SYSTEME DE COMMUNICATION EN CONTINU DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT DE CONFIGURATIONS DE SERVICES DE COMMUNICATION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Hickman Coleman & Hughes, LLP, P.O. Box 52037,
Palo Alto, CA 94303-0746, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200117195 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0117195)
Application: WO 2000US24125 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024125)
Priority Application: US 99386717 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE
ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM
TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150532

International Patent Class: G06F-017/22 ...

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... of reports requested by users on demand. Typically, these reports will not have a set **schedule** or frequency for distribution. The report architecture must support distribution of these reports without the...

...set up and conversion).

232

. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution of regularly **scheduled** reports. Typically, these reports will have a set schedule and frequency for distribution. The report...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784143

**SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR LOAD BALANCING REQUESTS AMONG
SERVERS**

**SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE POUR EQUILIBREUR DE CHARGE DANS UN
ENVIRONNEMENT DE STRUCTURES DE SERVICES**

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Hickman Coleman & Hughes, LLP, P.O. Box 52037,
Palo Alto, CA 94303-0746, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116739 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116739)

Application: WO 2000US24236 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024236)

Priority Application: US 99387576 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE
ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM
TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150248

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/50

International Patent Class: G06F-009/46

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... set up and conversion).

4. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution of regularly **scheduled** reports. Typically, these reports will have a set schedule and frequency for distribution. The report...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784140

**A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR A GLOBALLY ADDRESSABLE
INTERFACE IN A COMMUNICATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT**

SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE FABRICATION S'APPLIQUANT DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT DE STRUCTURE DE SERVICES DE COMMUNICATIONS VIA UNE INTERFACE ADRESSABLE GLOBALEMENT

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 1400 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116735 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116735)

Application: WO 2000US24198 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024198)

Priority Application: US 99387214 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK DZ EE ES FI GB
GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK
MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN
YU ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150371

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-009/46**

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... communicate with a client via a component integration architecture;

Figure 80 shows how a Legacy **Component** is integrated into a component-based model; Figure 81 illustrates Legacy Wrapper Components of a...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784137

SYSTEM, METHOD, AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR DISTRIBUTED GARBAGE COLLECTION IN ENVIRONMENT SERVICES PATTERNS

SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE FABRICATION EN MATIERE DE RECUPERATION D'ESPACE REPARTI DANS DES MOTIFS DE SERVICES D'ENVIRONNEMENT

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6416 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918

, US,
Legal Representative:
HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 1400 Page Mill
Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200116729 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116729)
Application: WO 2000US24238 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024238)
Priority Application: US 99386435 19990831
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE
ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM
TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 150959

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44
International Patent Class: G06F-009/46
Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... architecture must support distribution of regularly scheduled reports. Typically, these reports will have a set **schedule** and frequency for distribution. The report distribution package must support distribution of these reports without... This might be due to a very large amount of work to be assigned to a large pool, a complex method of assigning **priorities**, an extremely dynamic environment, or some other reason. Another advantage to work scheduling is that...

... system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784136

A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR BUSINESS LOGIC SERVICES
PATTERNS IN A NETCENTRIC ENVIRONMENT
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE FABRICATION POUR STRUCTURES DE SERVICES DE
LOGIQUE DE COMMERCE DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT S'ARTICULANT AUTOUR DE
L'INTERNET

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 38th Floor,
2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067-3024, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116728 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116728)
Application: WO 2000US24197 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024197)
Priority Application: US 99387658 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE
ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU
LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR
TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150863

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44

International Patent Class: G06F-009/46

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... set up and conversion).

4. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution
of regularly **scheduled** reports. Typically, these reports will have a
set schedule and frequency for distribution. The report...
This might be due to a very large amount of work to be assigned to a large pool,
a complex method of assigning **priorities**, an extremely dynamic
environment, or some other reason. Another advantage to work scheduling
is that...

...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder
of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business
Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784135

A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR A LOCALLY ADDRESSABLE
INTERFACE IN A COMMUNICATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE PRODUCTION METTANT EN OEUVRE UNE INTERFACE
ADRESSABLE LOCALEMENT DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT DE CONFIGURATIONS DE
SERVICES DE COMMUNICATION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 38th Floor,
2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 09967-3024, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116727 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116727)

Application: WO 2000US24189 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024189)

Priority Application: US 99387064 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)

AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM
HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX
NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 151048

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44

International Patent Class: G06F-009/46

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... a component-based model; Figure 81 illustrates Legacy Wrapper
Components of a Pure Legacy Wrapper **Component** including a Legacy
Wrapper Component, a Component Adapter, a Legacy Integration
Architecture, a Legacy Adapter...the requirement of manual or user
intervention (subsequent to initial set up and conversion).

4. **Scheduled** Reports: The report architecture must support distribution
of regularly scheduled reports. Typically, these reports will...amount of
work to be assigned to a large pool, a complex method of assigning
priorities, an extremely dynamic environment, or some other reason.
Another advantage to work scheduling is that...

...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder
of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business
Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784131

**A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR A MULTI-OBJECT FETCH
COMPONENT IN AN INFORMATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE MANUFACTURE POUR COMPOSANT DE RECUPERATION
MULTI-OBJET DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT CARACTERISE PAR DES SERVICES
D'INFORMATIONS**

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918

, US,
Legal Representative:
HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP, Suite 3800,
2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200116723 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116723)
Application: WO 2000US24083 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024083)
Priority Application: US 99386238 19990831
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GE
GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK
MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN
YU ZW
(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 150940

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44
International Patent Class: G06F-009/46
Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description
... set up and conversion).

231

. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution of
regularly **scheduled** reports. Typically, these reports will have a set
schedule and frequency for distribution. The report...system to be
developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the
importance of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which
helps to isolate the
91...

11/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784126

SYSTEM, METHOD, AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR AN EXCEPTION RESPONSE TABLE
IN ENVIRONMENT SERVICES PATTERNS
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE PRODUCTION DESTINES A UNE TABLE DE REPONSE
D'EXCEPTION DANS DES CONFIGURATIONS DE SERVICES D'ENVIRONNEMENT

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (et al) (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP, 38th
Floor, 2029 century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067-3024, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116706 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116706)
Application: WO 2000US24086 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024086)
Priority Application: US 99387873 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK DZ EE ES FI GB
GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK
MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN
YU ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150318

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... event.

Queue Management

These services provide access to the workflow queues which are used to **schedule** Workflow services allow users and management to monitor and access workflow queue infort-nation and...

...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784125

SYSTEM, METHOD, AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR PIECEMEAL RETRIEVAL IN AN INFORMATION SERVICES PATTERNS ENVIRONMENT

SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE DE FABRICATION DESTINES A LA RECHERCHE FRAGMENTAIRE DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT DE MODELES DE SERVICES D'INFORMATIONS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly, LLP, 38th Floor, 2029 Century Park East, Los Angeles, CA 90067-3024, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116705 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116705)
Application: WO 2000US24085 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024085)
Priority Application: US 99386433 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM
HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR.KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX
NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 150355

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-009/44**

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... of reports requested by users on demand. Typically, these reports will not have a set **schedule** or frequency for distribution. The report architecture must support distribution of these reports without the...

...set up and conversion).

231

. Scheduled Reports: The report architecture must support distribution of regularly **scheduled** reports. Typically, these reports will have a set schedule and frequency for distribution. The report...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...

11/3,K/10 (Item 10 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00784119

**A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR A REFRESHABLE PROXY POOL IN
A COMMUNICATION ENVIRONMENT**
**SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE POUR GROUPE D'ELEMENTS MANDATAIRES (PROXY)
RAFFRAICHISSABLES DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT A CONFIGURATIONS DE SERVICES DE
COMMUNICATION**

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BOWMAN-AMUAH Michel K, 6426 Peak Vista Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80918
, US,

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP, 1400 Page Mill
Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200116668 A2-A3 20010308 (WO 0116668)
Application: WO 2000US24113 20000831 (PCT/WO US0024113)
Priority Application: US 99386239 19990831

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)

AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES
FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ
UA UG UZ VN YU ZW
(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 149976

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/46

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... the requirement of manual or user intervention (subsequent to initial
set up and conversion).

4 **Scheduled** Reports: The report architecture must support distribution
of regularly scheduled reports. Typically, these reports will have a set
schedule and frequency for distribution. The report distribution package
must support distribution of these reports without...amount of work to be
assigned to a large pool, a complex method of assigning **priorities**, an
extremely dynamic environment, or some other reason. Another advantage to
work scheduling is that...

...system to be developed. This section is intended to serve as a reminder
of the **importance** of consciously designing a structure for Business
Logic which helps to isolate the impacts of...without regard to what's
happening outside of its boundaries (e.g., the actions that **precede** or

follow it). Another key to embracing change is the predictability and conceptual integrity of...However, too much complexity in a component can lead to many of the problems that **preceded** component-based development. For example, embedding too much policy information can lead to a Business ...tasks and 8-24 weeks or slightly more for complex design problems. Usually programming should **precede** design experience, if possible. Thus, leveraging experienced component and object technology skills is key to...

...Furthermore, although an incremental approach delivers less in each successive release, it can deliver higher **priority** portions of the system much earlier than a traditional approach, thereby recognizing business benefits in...delivery of business benefits and the risks implied by increasing scope and team size. The **urgency** of the business and the desire to manage development size may sometimes favor an incremental...

...be more appropriate to tune performance throughout the development lifecycle.

Third-Party Components Have Increasing **Importance**

Third party components can play an important role in software development. Today's development tools...deep technical skills is clearly a challenge. However, the engagement team should not overlook the **importance** of functional skills. Experience has shown that technical backgrounds may sometimes be over-emphasized to...approach for moving sub- systems into system test. It's also important to consider the **importance** of informal sharing of information when many developers are undergoing training or there are global...

...of activity such as analysis, design, code, and test. The waterfall model provides a controlled, **orderly** process for developing a system. Work is sequenced to ensure that the design addresses the...out into successive releases. For example, the initial release of a customer system might comprise **order** processing, followed by a subsequent release for billing, and a third release for collections processing...

...Furthermore, although an incremental approach delivers less in each successive release, it can deliver higher **priority** portions of the system much earlier than a traditional approach, thereby recognizing business benefits in...

...delivery of business benefits and the risks implied by increasing scope and team size. The **urgency** of the business and the desire to manage development size may sometimes favor an incremental...Support Customization of the Process.

UML & Case Tools in the development architecture

Each project using **component** -based technology determines how to use OO CASE tools to support an object-oriented...

...Case tools in recent years have extended their ability to support more of the life **cycle** and improved their ease of use. In addition, some case tools have improved their integration with the Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) and produce some **level** of acceptable **component** code generation. It is important for the development architecture team to determine early exactly which...

...Traditional Environments

While traditional client/server systems typically required one

development tool for programming efforts, **component** -based systems are often built using several tools and programming languages. The increase in tools is directly related to the improved capability to integrate software **components** through interfaces that hide the implementation details. Typically, the more heterogeneous environments may be...

...heterogeneous environment.

Configuration Management

The advent of client/server has focused significant attention on the **importance** of configuration management as key to success. Configuration management is more than just source code control. It must encompass the management of the application software **components** from conception, through implementation, delivery, and enhancements. While the problem is not unique to **component** and object development, an object-oriented environment presents special challenges discussed below. Configuration management is more complex in a **component** development architecture. Currently, artifacts versioned with various tools do not know about each other. For...

...reality is that current versioning in the majority of tools only occurs at the file **level** and not at the required **level** of granularity to support development elements. Methods, classes, **components**, and their respective deliverables should be versioned but only a few products on the market today support this **level** of granularity and they are not yet integrated with popular case tools.

Object systems are decomposed into more **pieces**

Configuration management is more complex with object development because the system is more finely decomposed. Object development realizes the benefits of flexibility and reusability through a greater **level** of decomposition than was present in traditional systems. While smaller objects have the advantage of...

...their relationships becomes difficult.

343

For example, a key principle of object-oriented design is **separation** of concern, which decomposes behavior into smaller, more cohesive objects. This strategy strives to prevent...

11/3,K/11 (Item 11 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00777016

**A SYSTEM, METHOD AND ARTICLE OF MANUFACTURE FOR MAINTAINING DATA IN AN
E-COMMERCE BASED TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE**
**SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET ARTICLE MANUFACTURE DE MAINTIEN DES DONNEES DANS UNE
ARCHITECTURE TECHNIQUE DE COMMERCE ELECTRONIQUE**

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ACCENTURE LLP, 1661 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

UNDERWOOD Roy A, 4436 Hearthmoor Court, Long Grove, IL 60047, US, US
(Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

HICKMAN Paul L (agent), Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP, 1400 Page Mill
Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200109751 A2 20010208 (WO 0109751)
Application: WO 2000US20546 20000728 (PCT/WO US0020546)
Priority Application: US 99364535 19990730

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)

AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK DZ EE ES FI GB
GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK
MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ
VN YU ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 124205

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... complete subsystem replacement

New Development/New Release Migration Process

Platform Type All

Description Migration from **Component** Test to Assembly Test occurs when
the Development team successfully completes the **Component**
Test exit criteria. The ...installation in the Assembly Test environment
is given.

zqg

NOR

-Tn

g

-K@

Approval to **Stage** Development Team Member (the approval must be
tracked

(1)

Exit/Approval CT Exit Criteria
Criteria...

...Kit creation is automated the trigger should come from Performed by (2)
the approver to **stage** as listed above.
& (3) If the Kit creation is not automated, then the Development or...

...to the
CM repository requirements
Post-Migration The post-migration location can be a physically **separate**
Location directory with the appropriate **level** or security, allowing
write
access for the kit creation process and read access for the...

...migration location can also be a
logical location, where units are tagged with the AT **level** .
MM
U - A 9P
Dring iff ormait@ gig
WE
Manual/Automated Migration can either be...

...a.h, a-sub.pc,
a-main.pc, should all be tagged at the CT **level**). This may
prevent the derived product from becoming out of sync with its
sub- **components** in the repository. Only the final product needs
to be migrated.
aim
jv"kaggWerl 16a...

...should be notified upon successful
completion of a migration: Development Project Team
External At this **stage** no outside communication is required except for
project status purposes. This task should be incorporated into
the project status meeting in **order** to notify business partners
and other project teams.
fl"'A rNWHRIVINA
JUM 110UMM
Approval from **Stage** Development Member (the approval must be tracked)
(4)
Entrance/Approval AT Entrance Criteria
Criteria
Vit...

...environment can also be
(6) performed by multiple groups. Consideration should be given
to the **level** of system security access required to perforin the
installation. N"enever a significant **level** of access is required,
the installation process should be limited to either the TS team...

...migration location should match the post migration
Location location listed above for the Migration to **Stage**
447
cost effective. This location should mirror the production
environment as closely as possible.
ckaging...

...YJ
R u
Manual/Automated For complex systems and installations requiring a
significant

Package? Tool? **level** of access the process should be automated. Manual processes may require explicit directions and a...

...should be notified upon successful completion of a migration: Development Project Team
 External At this **stage** no outside communication is required except for project status purposes. This task should be incorporated into the project status meeting in **order** to notify business partners and other project teams.
 448
 Platform Type All
 Description Migration from...

...Product Test environment is given.
 I I 11 IBM R I'M I
 Approval to **Stage** Development Team Member this ...Kit creation is automated the trigger should come from Performed by (2) the approver to **stage** as listed above.
 & (3) If the Kit creation is not automated, then the Development or...

...present descriptioned set of procedures.
 Pre-Migration The pre-migration location can be a physically **separate** Location directory with the appropriate **level** of security or it can be a logical environment in which the units are tagged with the appropriate migration **level** . Post-Migration The staging environment can be a physically **separate** directory Location with the appropriate **level** of security or it can be a logically **separate** environment in which the units are tagged with the appropriate migration **level** .

449

MRERHN

tioultbistii, IN

on

Pawl 1&4,@

rf No

oml -'a

gin&@ A OrThUti...

...teams should be notified upon successful completion of a migration: Test Team
 External At this **stage** no outside communication is required except for project status purposes. This task should be incorporated into the project status meeting in **order** to notify business partners and other project teams.
 aget

.....

Approval from **Stage** Development Member this approval must to be tracked
 (4)
 Entrance/Approval PT Entrance Criteria
 Criteria...

...environment can also be
 (6) performed by multiple groups. Consideration should be given to the **level** of system security access required to perform the installation. Whenever a significant **level** of access is required, the installation process should be limited to either the TS team...

...migration location should match the post migration
 Location location listed above for the Migration to **Stage**
 Post-Migration The post-migration location should be a physically
separate
 Location environment from the CT envirom-nent whenever feasible and
 cost effective. This location should...

...111111:11iillm ERESSEMM. Manual/Automated For complex systems and
 installations requiring a significant
 Package? Tool? **level** of access the process should be automated. Manual
 process may require explicit directions and a...

...following teams should be notified upon successftil
 completion of the migration: Test
 External At this **stage** no outside communication is required except for
 project status purposes. This task should be incorporated into
 the project status meeting in **order** to notify business partners
 and other project teams.
 SIR WORKBENCH USAGE
 Figure 103 illustrates a...

...user that created each system investigation report, a status of each
 system investigation report, a **priority** of each system investigation
 report, a description ...complete the form, do the following:
 Select the appropriate Originator 10336, Project Phase 10338 and
Component 10310 from the list boxes. Enter a short description of the
 problem within the SIR...

...project tree 10900 as shown in Figure 109 and 109.1 so as to logically
separate source code 10902, tools 10904, and documentation 10906 for
 ease of use and administration. The...

...Usage
 Check Out
 1 5 Application checkout can be performed at any project or file **level**
 using the VSS Explorer. It is possible to check out 1 1 000 the entire...

11/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 349)
 DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
 (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00488451 **Image available**
**INTEGRATED CUSTOMER INTERFACE FOR WEB BASED COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK
 MANAGEMENT**
**INTERFACE CLIENT INTEGREE POUR LA GESTION DE RESEAUX DE COMMUNICATIONS
 BASES SUR LE WEB**
 Patent Applicant/Assignee:
 BARRY B Reilly,
 CHODORONEK Mark A,
 DEROSE Eric,
 GONZALES Mark N,
 JAMES Angela R,
 LEVY Lynne,
 TUSA Michael,
 Inventor(s):
 BARRY B Reilly,

CHODORONEK Mark A,
DEROSE Eric,
GONZALES Mark N,
JAMES Angela R,
LEVY Lynne,
TUSA Michael,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9919803 A1 19990422
Application: WO 98US20173 19980925 (PCT/WO US9820173)
Priority Application: US 9760655 19970926

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AU BR CA JP MX SG AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 90769

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-013/00**

International Patent Class: **G06F-017/30**

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... covering security, order entry, fulfillment, billing, self-monitoring, metrics and support. Each of these common **component** areas will be discussed in further detail herein. Figure I is a diagrammatic illustration of...the inbox client is able to receive information on multiple threads to allow a high **priority** message to get through even if a large download is in progress. Typically, the browser...server provides additional fields as part of the Talarian request message including: a Corp ID, **Priority** , and RequestID.

Corp-ID allows the DSS to route the request to the appropriate data...

...to send back an ARDA failure message, in the event of an invalid message. The **Priority** field allows DSS to pickup the next high **priority** request from a queue of nonprocessed requests, without invoking the parser.

Figure 14(b) illustrates...an arbitrator into the request table 493 and request status table 494 along with the **priority** , timestamp and SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26) status fields. The request status table resides on the...errors are logged internally in the DSS system. This control process includes logic enabling the **prioritization** of report requests and application of rules defining the order in which they should be...the customer to select from among the following criteria to be used in the query: **priority** , status, identifier, open date, and ticket number. As criteria are selected from the "CRITERIA" tab...25(i). This window 2490 provides information about the selected ticket including: ticket number, ticket

priority , ticket status, ticket identifier, ticket product, ticket service, date occurred, trouble description, and organization (ORG...events that occur to a ticket throughout its lifecycle. These events include changing status, changing **priority** , and reassignment of the person working the ticket. The customer must be viewing the particular...order having an approved order admin record and with a condition that NetCap has no **preceding** orders queued against the plan, The submission process takes place in two steps: first, the...YYYY HH:MM (24 hour clock); 2) a field 2764 enabling the establishment of a **priority** (depending on security access privileges); 3) a field 2766 for describing the order's current...a date/time when the order is to be implemented by the host; selecting a **priority** based on the user's security access privilege; establishing an order status, e.g., approved...for when the calling card order is to be implemented by the host; 2) a **priority** field 2884 for establishing calling card order **priority** (depending on security access priv-'@Ieges); 3) a current order status field 2886; 4) a...a date/time when the order is to be implemented by the host; selecting a **priority** based on the user's security access privilege; establishing an order status, e.g., approved...

...for when the dialing plan order is to be implemented by the hos-.; 2) a **priority** field 2962 for establishing dialing plan order **priority** (depending on security access privileges); 3) a current order status field 2963; 4) a Remarks...a date/time when the order is to be implemented by the host; selecting a **priority** based on SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26) PCTIUS98/20173 the user's security access privilege; establishing...when the ID Code/Set order is to be implemented by the host; 2) a **priority** field 3053 for establishing dialing plan order **priority** (depending on security access privileges); 3) a current order status field 3054; 4) a Remarks...Once the report is made available, at the customer's preference and selection based on **priorities** and severity, the customers may receive notification through one or any combination of page, e...

11/3,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00418748 **Image available**
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR SECURE TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT AND ELECTRONIC RIGHTS PROTECTION
SYSTEMES ET PROCEDES DE GESTION DE TRANSACTIONS SECURISEES ET DE PROTECTION DE DROITS ELECTRONIQUES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORP,

Inventor(s):

GINTER Karl L,
SHEAR Victor H,
SIBERT W Olin,
SPAHN Francis J,
VAN WIE David M,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9809209 A1 19980305
Application: WO 97US15243 19970829 (PCT/WO US9715243)
Priority Application: US 96706206 19960830

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH HU
IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL
PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW GH KE LS MW SD
SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT
LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 195626

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-001/00**

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... foundation.

This configurability and reconfigurability allows electronic commerce and data security participants to reflect their **priorities** and requirements through a process of iteratively shaping an evolving extended electronic agreement (electronic control...allowed by senior control information and as determined by any negotiation trade-offs that satisfy **priorities** stipulated by ...arrangements.
For example, a content creator's VDE control information for certain content can take **precedence** over other submitted VDE participant control information and, for example, if allowed by senior control information, a content distributor's control information may itself take **precedence** over a client administrator's control information, which may take **precedence** over an end-user's control information. A path of distribution participant's ability to...control information is put in place by various parties (in place control information normally takes **precedence** over subsequently submitted control information),
(2) the specifics of VDE content and/or appliance control...

...more piece of control from one or more parties or class of parties will take **precedence** over control information submitted by one or more ...manager 680c. Task manager 680b may initiate and/or manage initiation of executable tasks and **schedule** them to be executed by a processor on which ROS 602 runs (e.g., CPU...

11/3,K/14 (Item 14 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00333854

COMPUTER SYSTEM INCLUDING MEANS FOR DECISION SUPPORT SCHEDULING
SYSTEME INFORMATIQUE DOTE DE MOYENS DE PLANIFICATION D'AIDE A LA DECISION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SUN OPTECH LTD,
KOSKI Robert E,
BARLOW Christopher,
Henderson Kenneth R,

Inventor(s):

KOSKI Robert E,
BARLOW Christopher,
Henderson Kenneth R,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9616365 A2 19960530
Application: WO 95IB1160 19951114 (PCT/WO IB9501160)
Priority Application: US 94339520 19941114

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AU CA JP KR MX US AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 14143

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-019/00**

International Patent Class: **G06F-17:60**

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... middle management activities can be eliminated by more efficiently conveying and interpreting management's priorities/ **orders** /opinions through the Nchain of command,n and to report shop floor activities back to...

...raw material, labor, tools, fixtures, etc.) which must be available at the identified workspace in **order** to perform scheduled
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

C. The CUBEBOOKING program will then attempt to...

...because present and future product production constraints are constantly available for review. As each new **order** or request enters, and each shipment or operation on a **part** is completed, a new world of requirements unfolds for analysis, minimizing reactive time consuming iterations...

...world" on the shop floor has a profound influence on manufacturing profitability and customer service **levels** . But currently shop floor
...cube face reference diagram;
Fig. 5 is a Demand-Supply diagram showing the interaction between **Order** , Feature, and Resource
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)
Objects; and
Fig. 6 is a set of...

...support the decisions an organization makes to muster Resources at Workspaces in Time to fulfill **Orders** . The term usupporto includes but is not limited to: data gathering and storage; logic operations;

evaluation, including comparison and triggering of different messages; communication; decision tree filtering, decision execution, **prioritization** ; alerting; displaying (both on monitor and hard copy printing), and inventorying. Key features of the...

...supply to its demand. Unitary: All demands and supplies are first reduced to a unitary **level** . For example, an **order** for 100 items are reduced to 100 **orders** for one item. This granularity allows booking of resource appointments at a unit **level** and allows capture of lot, serial, how-built, and the like, prime data. Ob*ect...

...to be very stupid; that is, it weighs all alternate paths equally. Therefore, it may **schedule products** on the worst possible machine because it weighs (**ranks**) the paths through all machines the same. However, as the Cube System operates within the...

...tend to assign certain types of products to certain machines and it adjusts the weighted **rankings** for those paths and learns to load specific machines with those types of jobs. CUBEBOOKING...

...using other Resources, Workspaces, and/or Time. The Cube System will learn these alternative paths, **rank** them accordingly, and be able to suggest them the next time the previously **ranked** "besto path 1 5 is unavailable. Feature-based: The top **level** of the Cube is composed of Feature Objects which define the basic capabilities of the...

...Feature Objects constantly query Resource Objects for their capability to supply these Features. When an **order** is received by the Cube it is decomposed to a series of unitary demands for single solution. As the assigned Time approaches Now the **level** of uncertainty and the alternative paths are narrowed until, at Now and continuing into the...

...encourage proactive decisions by suggesting that users react Now to future events by selecting from **ranked** probable alternatives while encouraging intelligent procrastination - decisions which narrow possible alternatives are made as late...

...or numbers into digital signal data that is input to the computer memory to be **part** of the data structure therein, and then may be searched, selected and transformed by one...

...data, in the form of a series of data values or set of data, as **part** of a Rich Response, a display of information, or result in (effectuate or initialize) further...

...asynchronous computer communication system such as is disclosed in WO 94/14127,23 94 (effective **priority** date of 08 92) the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference. Figure I...microwave link, or it may be a communication service such as InternetQD or CompuserveS whereby **orders** (demands) are made via E-mail, or it may be a direct phone modem hookup between the customer or vendor and the Cube System, or a manual **order** (demand) entry system such as a telephone, keyboard, punched card, etc., or any combination of the above. When the customer or vendor uses a computer system to place **orders** or receive demands, a wide area network may be used and these **orders** or demands may be formatted to communicate directly (electronically) with the Cube System of this...

- ...history, non-deterministic models may be used in identifying a best path for the present **order**. Data structures 32 and data sets and arrays 33 contain information as to workspace layouts...
- ...and the secondary memory 30. Data entry and retrieval hardware such as bar code readers, **parts** counters, sensors, manual entry, etc. continuously transmit data from the Resource areas 40 and the...
- ...5 telephone, or other manual data entry methods. In operation a customer 60 demand or **order** 61 is received via the wide area network 65. The **order** is interpreted or **broken down** by the CUBE BOOKING program into a set of features required to satisfy the functionalities... backwards, from the last set of workspaces, forward to the first set of workspaces. Each **level** of cells or workspaces, may be associated with a particular process step which contributes to the features demanded by the customer. All workspaces in a **level**, however, are not necessarily equivalent to one another in its ability to provide the desired...
- ...Variances between
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)
workspaces in such variables such as existing query, yield, **cycle** time, raw material availability, labor availability, physical location in the plant, physical distance from resource...
- ...will make the selection of one workstation preferable over another workstation at the same workspace **level**. Using established modeling tools, the process path best able to meet the demand may be identified. CubeWorld: An organization provides Products/Services to Customers based on **Orders** from Customers to deliver certain Products/Services at a certain Time (in the future). These...
- ...these Products/Services are received or produced, certain Workspaces 10 are utilized during the **order**-filing process. An organization may be a single location, it may be as large as...
- ...warehouses, and vendors, or as small as a single department or machine. While the Customer **Orders** are considered to be exogenous demands, depending on the organization, such can be considered endogenous, i.e., "inside **orders**," for example, **orders** from a parent company to its division or subsidiary, or vice versa, or between subsidiaries or divisions. 15 The organization is **divided** into one or more Cube-Worlds, a logical subunit responsible for a defined (selected) product...
- ...to be large enough so that its boundaries encompass all possible alternative Processes to fill **orders** for its Products/Services. A Cube-World may be **part** of a larger Cube-World, its "Parent-Cube." It may contain smaller Cube-Worlds, its...
- ...Cube System, at one or more of the Cube-Worlds and/or Cube-Universe(s) **levels**, is the When (Time), Where (Workspaces), What (Resources), Why (**Orders**), and How (Features) of the schedule decision making process. The Cube Structure: The Cube System...
- ...the Cube system. These are the work centers and storage locations within the Cube- Demand- **Orders** (a) Customer- **Order** This is a Demand for a Product-Resource from outside the Cube-World, an exogenous **order**, specifying a certain quantity of a certain product/service for delivery

by a certain Time. This may be an **order** from a customer of the organization or may be an **order** from another department within the organization that is operating in a different Cube-World (local or distant). (b) **Phantom- Order** When the lead-time specified by a Customer for delivery of a Product may be...

...a Product, the Cube System will maintain and update its own estimate of Demand in **order** to provide a target to manage the uncertainty of such speculative planning. The **Phantom- Order** is more than just a quantity and a date; it includes an estimate of the expected standard deviation of **order** lead-time, so that the **Phantom- Order** can be adjusted as actual Customer- **Orders** appear in the system. As normal expected Customer **Orders** arrive in the Cube they are allocated against the **Phantom Order** for the same delivery time. As the delivery time approaches Now, the **Phantom Order** is gradually replaced by Customer **Orders** until at Time=Now the **Phantom Order** reduces to zero. M Replenishment- **Order** : A Demand for a quantity of Purchased-Resource to be ready at a specified future Time from another Cube-World or a vendor. This **order** is exogenous relative to this Cube-World. It may be communicated to the Vendor using Electronic Data Interfaces (EDI). All Replenishment- **Orders** can be tied back to the Customer- **Order** or
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Phantom Order that created this Demand. A Replenishment **Order** is a Demand on another Cube-World (within the organization) or the outside world. The Supply counterpart of the Replenishment- **Order** is called the Replenishment. (d) **Job- Order** A Demand for a quantity of Product-Resources or **Component** -Resources to be ready at a Time. This **order** is endogenous to this Cube-World. All Job- **Orders** can be tied back to the Customer- **Order** or **Phantom- Order** that created this Demand. The Supply counterpart of the Job- **Order** is called the Job.
Supply- **Orders** :

(a) **Job**: The Supply counterpart of the Job- **Order** . A sequence of Processes linked over Time 1 0 to produce a particular **Component** -Resource or Feature. It is the Job that is scheduled by the Cube System in **order** to meet the Demand for **Component** -Resources placed on the Cube-World by the Job- **Order** . The Job is the only Supply **Order** that is entirely controllable within a Cube-World. (b) **Replenishment**: The Supply counterpart of the Replenishment- **Order** . Feature Objects (Features): This is the nHow" of the Cube System. Features are defined by...

...Feature is defined to the system it can be used in the definition of other **Component** -Resources or Features. For example, a hydraulic valve comprises a body having cavities in which...defined sequence of steps at a Workspace called a Tsugami (an automated drilling machine). A **Component** -Resource for a valve can be defined as being made up of a certain size aluminum body with T2A feature at a certain location, and given a unique **part** number. See Appendix A and Figs. 4 and 6. Thus, a partly or completed product...

...Cube World, whether endogenous or exogenous.
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Feature Concepts: Unlike current conventional **Material Requirements Planning** systems (**MRP** Systems), which view products only as a combination of materials and therefore plans only the...

...etc. By defining the physical "Features" of products rather than fixing the "processm of producing **parts** , a bridge, a backward chaining

way-station, is built in the long path from production...

...it is defined all the way back to its Resources and Workspaces. For example, a **component** of, say, a valve product is a certain aluminum body defined as:
Start with a...

...0.25 Inch Diameter Drills, and are currently qualified for use on Drill Presses then **rank** the Drill Presses that could be used. Then it groups pending Job- **Orders** to determine what Features are required at the The concept of ...available. The Cube System also calculates in advance the demand for Features based on current **orders** for Products. As a result, critical real-time scheduling calculations are reduced to the task...

11/3,K/15 (Item 15 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00234265 **Image available**

**SYSTEM FOR DIVIDING PROCESSING TASKS INTO SIGNAL PROCESSOR AND
DECISION-MAKING MICROPROCESSOR INTERFACING
SYSTEME DE SEPARATION DES TACHES DE TRAITEMENT EN TACHES POUR INTERFACAGE
AVEC UN PROCESSEUR DE SIGNAUX ET UN MICROPROCESSEUR DE PRISE DE
DECISION**

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

STAR SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION,

Inventor(s):

ROBINSON Jeffrey I,
ROUSE Keith,
KRASSOWSKI Andrew J,
MONTLICK Terry F,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9308524 A1 19930429

Application: WO 92US8954 19921014 (PCT/WO US9208954)

Priority Application: US 91776161 19911015

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AU CA JP KR AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL SE

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 219172

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-009/00**

International Patent Class: **G06F-09:40**

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... It enables use of the development system software. An integral power cord connects the power **supply** unit to the AC outlet. A positive-locking DC power cable connects the power supply...of a sequence for the biquad sections in an IIR filter realization, are of great **importance** in fixed-point arithmetic. The filter design interface uses a standard procedure for pairing poles...added to the declaration for any input or output of an asmblock. The keyword must **precede** the identifier in the appropriate section of the 1/0 listing. This keyword makes the...as in the C language, or appear at the end of the line and be

```
    preceded by the comment characters VI).
C-6 SPROC Chip Architecture, Instructions and Registers
The instruction...Name-stack));
strcpy(Version, "$Revision: 1.5 $11");
/* identify version */
display banner(Version);
/* note that order in function array must match switch string below
func[0] = set-aiL-symbols;
func[1...Source file base, files[D]);
break;
default:
printf("
nERROR -- SYM003: Unknown parameter As< (use to precede switch).",
files[13];
show-usaga
and-exito;
break;
rF
/* pay attention to command Line switches...

...the data space structure @/
1* wrap the whole thing in a structure declaration to forte ordering
1* first, the code and control declares @1
sprintf(out-Line, "Xn%sextern sprcc@
ccde...
```

Set	Items	Description
S1	2367697	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	16466	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N)SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT?()PLANNING
S3	10310556	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART? ? OR PIECE? ? OR C- OMPONENT? ?
S4	3956947	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	981649	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	627	S1 AND S2
S7	318	S6 AND S3
S8	91	S7 AND S4
S9	9	S8 AND S5
S10	7	RD (unique items)
S11	7	S10 NOT PY>2001
S12	0	HOWF FILES
File	2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File	35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Aug	(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File	65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Aug W4	(c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File	99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jul	(c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File	474:New York Times Abs 1969-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 The New York Times
File	475:Wall Street Journal Abs 1973-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 The New York Times
File	583:Gale Group Globalbase(TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13	(c) 2002 The Gale Group
File	6:NTIS 1964-2005/Aug W2	(c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File	7:Social SciSearch(R) 1972-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File	8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
File	14:Mechanical and Transport Engineer Abstract 1966-2005/Aug	(c) 2005 CSA.
File	34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File	94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jul W1	(c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File	434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec	(c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info

11/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01455325 ORDER NO: AADAA-I9600141

COOPERATIVE BUYER-SUPPLIER RELATIONSHIPS

Author: BOWMAN, SHERRY ANN
Degree: PH.D.
Year: 1995
Corporate Source/Institution: THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY (0176)
Advisers: J. KEITH ORD; JACK HAYYA
Source: VOLUME 56/09-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.
PAGE 5145. 191 PAGES
Descriptors: OPERATIONS RESEARCH ; BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION, GENERAL ;
ECONOMICS, LABOR
Descriptor Codes: 0796; 0310; 0510

Companies that adopt the JIT philosophy are encouraged to reduce the number of suppliers. It is suggested that long run, mutually beneficial relationships be established between buyers and suppliers. When a buyer and a supplier work together the relationship can no longer be adversarial. Both parties must cooperate so that the benefits from such a close relationship are shared. But, frequently, the supplier finds it necessary to hold additional inventory in **order** to meet the buyer's delivery schedule. We describe cooperative buyer-supplier relationships, where we explore the areas of inventory control and production scheduling. We focus on joint transaction cost savings. Since we look at the buyer-supplier relationship mostly from the supplier's point of view, a portion of the study deals with scheduling production with some buyers having a higher **priority** than others. Also a series of models are developed to illustrate the progression from traditional reorder point models, where the buyer places the **order**, to production scheduling models, where the supplier has complete information about the buyer's inventory **level** and **schedules production** prior to **order** receipt. We find in every model that the jointly optimal solution is less costly than any individually optimal solution. We also develop an innovative way to **divide** the cost savings between the parties based upon their relative power.

11/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01361556 ORDER NO: AAD94-17269

INTEGRATION OF MATERIAL PLANNING AND DETAILED SCHEDULING

Author: NAMBIMADOM, RAMAKRISHNAN SUBRAMANIAN
Degree: PH.D.
Year: 1994
Corporate Source/Institution: THE UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER (0188)
Supervisor: UDAY S. KARMAKAR
Source: VOLUME 55/02-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.
PAGE 312. 171 PAGES
Descriptors: BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION, GENERAL; OPERATIONS RESEARCH
Descriptor Codes: 0310; 0796

Materials planning is one of the most important production planning activities of a manufacturing firm. The most commonly used approach, **Material Requirements Planning (MRP)**, achieves a host of functions

including material allocation, **order** release (batching and timing), and coordination of material flows. However **MRP** assumes fixed lead times for production. These lead times are assumed to be properties of items, independent of the loading. Thus it ignores the interaction of **orders** in the production process. As a result, lead times are usually overstated and the production plan for various inputs of an **order** are not coordinated. A different approach to this problem is the Production Reservation System. This method focuses its attention on integrating the material planning and scheduling decisions for a single **order**. It ignores interaction between **orders**. We consider the integration of material planning with detailed scheduling for a three **stage** Bill of Materials (BOM). Production lots are either obtained for a lot for lot (L4L) basis or they are batched (BATCH). Material purchases are made on either a lot for lot (L4L) or a lot for unit (L4U) basis. We develop methods that **divide** the set of decisions into sub-problems using Lagrangean relaxation. Each of these sub-problems focus on a subset of these decisions. Resource prices are used to convey information about the impact of decisions made in one sub-problem, on the decisions made in other sub-problems. Three relaxations are obtained for the models with lot for lot production. For the model with production batching, one relaxation is presented. Algorithms for the sub-problems generated by the relaxations are developed. Two heuristics that use the Lagrangean relaxations are obtained for each relaxation. We also consider a heuristic based on the reservation approach, and four **MRP** based methods using different lead time values. Finally, a couple of improvement heuristics that start with a given solution and then attempt to improve it without distorting the **priorities** inherent in it are also presented. The algorithms are tested on 14 data sets, each containing 25 problems. The pricing based approach generally does better, but the reservation based methods enhanced by the improvement heuristics are almost as good. The lot for unit material purchase case turns out to be very similar to the lot for lot material case. A number of important generalizations of the pricing method are also presented.

11/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

767968 ORDER NO: AAD82-02828

THE EFFECT OF LEARNING CURVE ANALYSIS IN CAPACITY PLANNING DECISIONS

Author: CMUNT, TIMOTHY LAWRENCE

Degree: D.B.A.

Year: 1981

Corporate Source/Institution: INDIANA UNIVERSITY, GRADUATE SCHOOL OF
BUSINESS (0871)

Source: VOLUME 42/08-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.
PAGE 3659. 182 PAGES

Descriptors: BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Descriptor Codes: 0310

The area of capacity planning is receiving increased emphasis in the management of operations due to the financial benefits of efficiently utilizing capacity and to the **importance** of accurate capacity plans for use with **MRP (Material Requirements Planning)** systems. Prior research in capacity planning has been limited to improving capacity management techniques which assume a constant **level** of productivity. But it has been shown in the research of Wright, Baloff, and others that many firms exhibit productivity improvements as more units are produced. These

productivity improvements are usually associated with a learning process--human, technological or organizational--and have been measured in the past by logarithmic functions known as learning curves.

When companies exhibit this learning process in the use of their capital or human resources, the capacity planning methodology utilized should consider the effects of future productivity improvements on capacity utilization. Although the learning phenomenon and capacity planning have been studied **separately**, little research has been accomplished to investigate the possible benefits of integrating learning curve analysis with standard planning techniques. The primary objective of this study is to evaluate the use of learning curve analysis for medium-term capacity planning under various planning environments.

The benefit of incorporating learning curve analysis into the planning process is evaluated by testing the main and interaction effects of treatment variables which contribute to the planning environment. The approach used in this evaluation is to determine the nature of the problem using manufacturing cost data from actual production of various products. A major source of the actual cost data came from a field study of a medium-size metal-working manufacturing facility of commercial products. Supporting data was obtained from the author's previous position at a major aerospace defense firm and prior research. This data indicated that nine production characteristics were of **importance** in evaluating the use of learning curve analysis. These characteristics investigated are (1) average learning Rate, (2) previous production experience, (3) production volume, (4) turnover rate, (5) run-time variance, (6) learning rate mix, (7) run-time distribution, (8) lead time variation, and (9) Master **Production Schedule** (MPS) smoothness. Four **levels** of data aggregation were also investigated in this study since many companies only have the ability to determine product learning curves at an aggregate **level**.

Analytical results were obtained for the factors of learning rate, previous production experience, production volume, turnover rate, and run-time variance. However, when aggregation of information occurs, analytical models become complicated and difficult to formulate. Therefore, in **order** to test main and interaction effects of the factors which affect the benefit of using learning curve analysis for capacity planning under aggregation, a computer simulation study was accomplished. In this study, the factors for which analytical results were obtained are used as control variables.

The results of this study indicate that the incorporation of learning curve analysis with standard capacity planning techniques is beneficial in some situations. Benefit occurred when learning rates were steep or when the variation **levels** of the other factors considered were low. However, when the learning rate was moderate, high **levels** of factor variation resulted in negating most of the benefit associated with using learning curve analysis for capacity planning in the medium-term planning horizon. Specific conclusions are also made with respect to nine stated hypotheses.

11/5/4 (Item 1 from file: 7)
DIALOG(R)File 7:Social SciSearch(R)
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

03542958 Genuine Article#: 371UW Number of References: 34
Title: A multi-class multi- level capacitated lot sizing model
Author(s): Hung YF (REPRINT); Chien KL
Corporate Source: NATL TSING HUA UNIV, DEPT IND ENGN & ENGN
MANAGEMENT/HSINCHU//TAIWAN/ (REPRINT)

Journal: JOURNAL OF THE OPERATIONAL RESEARCH SOCIETY, 2000, V51, N11 (NOV)
, P1309-1318

Publisher: NATURE PUBLISHING GROUP, HOUNDMILLS, BASINGSTOKE RG21 6XS,
HAMPSHIRE, ENGLAND

Language: English Document Type: Article

Subfile: CC SOCS--Current Contents, Social & Behavioral Sciences

Journal Subject Category: MANAGEMENT

Abstract: When demand loading is higher than available capacity, it takes a great deal of effort for a traditional **MRP** system to obtain a capacity-feasible production plan. Also, the **separation** of lot sizing decisions and capacity requirement planning makes the setup decisions more difficult. In a practical application, a production planning system should **prioritize** demands when allocating manufacturing resources. This study proposes a planning model that integrates all **MRP** computation modules. The model not only includes multi- **level** capacitated lot sizing problems but also considers multiple demand classes. Each demand class corresponds to a mixed integer programming (MIP) problem. By sequentially solving the MIP problems according to their demand class **priorities**, this proposed approach allocates finite manufacturing resources and generates feasible production plans. In this paper we experiment with three heuristic search algorithms: (1) tabu search; (2) simulated annealing, and (3) genetic algorithm, to solve the MIP problems. Experimental designs and statistical methods are used to evaluate and analyse the performance of these three algorithms. The results show that tabu search and simulated annealing perform best in the confirmed **order** demand class and forecast demand class, respectively.

Descriptors--Author Keywords: **material requirement planning** ;
production plan ; lot sizing ; mixed integer programming ; tabu search
; simulated annealing ; genetic algorithm

Identifiers--Keyword Plus(R): PRODUCTION PLANNING PROBLEMS; ASSEMBLY
SYSTEMS; TABU SEARCH; ALGORITHMS; HEURISTICS; REQUIREMENTS;
FORMULATION; COMPLEXITY; DECISIONS; **STAGE**

Cited References:

- *CPLEX, 1994, US CPLEX CALL LIB
- BAHL HC, 1984, V35, P389, J OPER RES SOC
- BAHL HC, 1987, V35, P329, OPER RES
- BILLINGTON PJ, 1994, V44, P1208, IIE T
- BILLINGTON PJ, 1983, V29, P1126, MANAGE SCI
- CLARK AR, 1993, V24, P1759, INT J SYST SCI
- CROWSTON WB, 1973, V20, P14, MANAGE SCI
- EGLESE RW, 1990, V46, P271, EUR J OPER RES
- FLORIAN M, 1980, V26, P669, MANAGE SCI
- GABBAY H, 1979, V25, P1138, MANAGE SCI
- GLOVER F, 1977, V8, P156, DECIS SCI
- GLOVER F, 1990, V20, P74, INTERFACES
- GLOVER F, 1997, TABU SEARCH
- GOLDBERG DE, 1989, GENETIC ALGORITHMS S
- HOLLAND JH, 1975, ADAPTATION NATURAL A
- HUNG YF, 1998, V25, P1027, COMPUT OPER RES
- HUNG YF, 1999, V50, P857, J OPER RES SOC
- KIRKPATRICK S, 1983, V220, P671, SCIENCE
- KUIK R, 1994, V75, P243, EUR J OPER RES
- KUIK R, 1993, V25, P62, IIE TRANS
- LEACHMAN RC, 1993, P1, OPTIMIZATION IND
- LUNDY M, 1986, V34, P111, MATH PROGRAM
- MAES J, 1991, V53, P131, EUR J OPER RES
- MAES J, 1988, V39, P991, J OPER RES SOC
- MICHALEWICZ Z, 1994, GENETIC ALGORITHMS P

NORUSIS MJ, 1984, SPSS PC IBM PC XT
ORLICKY J, 1975, MATERIAL REQUIREMENT
ROLL Y, 1991, V51, P73, EUR J OPER RES
SCHWARZ LB, 1975, V21, P1285, MANAGE SCI
SRINIVAS M, 1994, V24, P656, IEEE T SYST MAN CYB
STEVENSON WJ, 1996, PRODUCTION OPERATION
VANLAARHOVEN PJM, 1988, SIMULATED ANNEALING
ZAHORIK A, 1984, V30, P308, MANAGE SCI
ZANGWILL WI, 1969, V15, P506, MANAGE SCI

11/5/5 (Item 1 from file: 34)

DIALOG(R)File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

08570531 Genuine Article#: 302ME Number of References: 59

Title: Specificity of effects of chronically administered diazepam on the responding of rats under two different spaced-responding schedules

Author(s): Smith JB (REPRINT)

Corporate Source: MERCER UNIV, SCH PHARM, 3001 MERCER UNIV
DR/ATLANTA//GA/30341 (REPRINT)

Journal: BEHAVIOURAL PHARMACOLOGY, 2000, V11, N1 (FEB), P45-55

ISSN: 0955-8810 Publication date: 20000200

Publisher: LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS, 530 WALNUT ST, PHILADELPHIA, PA
19106-3621

Language: English Document Type: ARTICLE

Geographic Location: USA

Subfile: CC LIFE--Current Contents, Life Sciences;

Journal Subject Category: PHARMACOLOGY & PHARMACY; NEUROSCIENCES;
BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES

Abstract: Lever pressing of rats was maintained in different chambers during two different sessions each day. At 0900 h, responding was maintained under a two- **component** multiple **schedule** in which responses initiated an interval that had to elapse before delivery of food (time delay of 20 s and 40 s). In this schedule, a 'response-pause' sequence **preceded** reinforcers, and acutely administered diazepam only decreased responding. At 1400 h, responding by the same subjects was maintained under a different two- **component** multiple **schedule**, in which individual responses initiated an interval that had to be terminated by another response before delivery of food (DRL 20 s and 40 s). In this second schedule, a 'response-pause-response' sequence **preceded** reinforcers, and acutely administered diazepam increased responding. After studying the acute behavioral effects of diazepam during each **separate** 'timing' schedule, animals systematically received 1.7 mg/kg per day diazepam 2-5 min prior to their different schedule **components**, in **order** to study the influence of reinforcement contingency on the chronic effects of this drug. Diminution of the initial effects of diazepam during daily drug administration prior to DRL 20 s responding did not extend to DRL 40 s responding or to time-delay responding, and tolerance did not develop at all for time-delay responding. When diazepam was again administered after all the daily schedules for approximately 1 month, and then given before the individual DRL schedules, DRL responding was increased again as it had been prior to chronic drug administration. These results suggest that the behavioral effects of acutely administered diazepam are influenced by different 'timing' requirements, and that the behavioral effects of chronically administered diazepam are influenced by 'timing' requirements and by drug- and chamber-related stimuli. (C) 2000 Lippincott Williams &

Wilkins.

Descriptors--Author Keywords: diazepam ; DRL ; time-delay ; rat

Identifiers--KeyWord Plus(R): CONDITIONED PLACE PREFERENCE;

MORPHINE-TOLERANCE; D-AMPHETAMINE; FIXED-RATIO; SITUATIONAL
SPECIFICITY; BEHAVIORAL TOLERANCE; COCAINE; WITHDRAWAL; SENSITIZATION;
STIMULI

Cited References:

AZORLOSA JL, 1994, V22, P304, PSYCHOBIOLOGY
BACOTTI AV, 1976, V4, P41, ANIM LEARN BEHAV
BALDESSARINI RJ, 1996, V19, P399, GOODMAN GILMANS PHAR
BARRETT JE, 1989, P181, PSYCHOACTIVE DRUGS
BELLEVILLE RE, 1964, V5, P95, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGIA
BITRAN M, 1991, V39, P917, PHARM BIOCH BEHAV
CHILDRESS AR, 1988, V84, P25, NIDA RES MONOGR
COVENTRY TL, 1997, V8, P575, BEHAV PHARMACOL
COXEN M, 1989, SOC NEUR M
DEWS PB, 1960, V3, P221, J EXP ANAL BEHAV
EHRMAN RN, 1992, V107, P523, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
FOWLER SC, 1993, V4, P147, BEHAV PHARMACOL
GALBICKA G, 1991, V56, P205, J EXP ANAL BEHAV
GAUVIN DV, 1992, V9, P1, ALCOHOL
GENOVESE RF, 1988, V96, P462, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
GOEDERS NE, 1997, V57, P43, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
HINSON RE, 1981, V15, P559, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
HOUDI AA, 1989, SOC NEUR M
HULL CL, 1933, V255, P273, J COMP PSYCHOL
HUNT T, 1990, V35, P373, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
KAYAN S, 1973, V185, P300, J PHARMACOL EXP THER
KELLEHER RT, 1969, P383, IMPORTANCE FUNDAMENT
KELSEY JE, 1989, V103, P842, BEHAV NEUROSCI
KELSEY JE, 1990, V104, P704, BEHAV NEUROSCI
KRANK MD, 1993, V21, P113, PSYCHOBIOLOGY
LATIES VG, 1972, V183, P1, J PHARMACOL EXP THER
MACKINTOSH NJ, 1983, CONDITIONING ASS LEA
MELCHIOR CL, 1990, V37, P205, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
MORSE WH, 1957, V70, P308, AM J PSYCHOL
MUCHA RF, 1996, V124, P365, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
OBRIEN CP, 1986, P329, BEHAVIORAL ANAL DRUG
PALYA WL, 1993, DOCUMENT SET HIGH PE
PINEL JPJ, 1992, V41, P133, PHARM BIOCH BEHAV
POST RM, 1992, V654, P386, ANN NY ACAD SCI
REES DC, 1987, V240, P65, J PHARMACOL EXP THER
SANNERUD CA, 1986, V237, P75, J PHARMACOL EXP THER
SCHAAL DW, 1996, V66, P193, J EXP ANAL BEHAV
SCHUSTER CR, 1977, V1, P86, ADV BEHAV PHARMACOL
SCHUSTER CR, 1966, V9, P170, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGIA
SIDMAN M, 1956, V49, P469, J COMP PHYSIOL PSYCH
SIEGEL S, 1977, V3, P1, J EXP PSYCHOL ANIM B
SIEGEL S, 1982, V216, P436, SCIENCE
SMITH JB, 1999, IN PRESS EUR J PHARM
SMITH JB, 1990, V36, P757, PHARM BIOCH BEHAV
SMITH JB, 1990, V36, P993, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
SMITH JB, 1993, V45, P565, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
SMITH JB, 1986, V88, P296, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
SMITH JB, 1991, V103, P115, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
SMITH JB, 1991, V103, P121, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
SMITH JB, 1991, V103, P268, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
SMITH JE, 1990, V20, P337, DRUG DEVELOP RES
TAIWO YO, 1989, V487, P148, BRAIN RES
TIFFANY ST, 1992, V109, P185, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY

VILA J, 1989, V32, P365, PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BE
WIKLER A, 1980, OPIOID DEPENDENCE ME
WOODS JH, 1992, V44, P151, PHARMACOL REV
WOODS JH, 1995, V118, P107, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
YOUNG AM, 1996, V125, P220, PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY
ZINATELLI M, 1990, V14, P518, ALCOHOL CLIN EXP RES

11/5/6 (Item 2 from file: 34)

DIALOG(R)File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

03400847 Genuine Article#: PB583 Number of References: 20

Title: VEHICLE SCHEDULING IN 2- CYCLE FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

Author(s): BLAZEWICZ J; BURKHARD RE; FINKE G; WOEGINGER GJ

Corporate Source: ECOLE NATL SUPER GENIE IND/GRENOBLE//FRANCE/; GRAZ TECH
UNIV, INST MATHEMAT B/A-8010 GRAZ//AUSTRIA/; UNIV JOSEPH
FOURIER, IMAG, ARTEMIS LAB/GRENOBLE//FRANCE/

Journal: MATHEMATICAL AND COMPUTER MODELLING, 1994, V20, N2 (JUL), P19-31
ISSN: 0895-7177

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: ARTICLE

Geographic Location: AUSTRIA; FRANCE

Subfile: SciSearch; CC ENGI--Current Contents, Engineering, Technology &
Applied Sciences

Journal Subject Category: MATHEMATICS, APPLIED; COMPUTER SCIENCE,
INTERDISCIPLINARY APPLICATIONS; COMPUTER SCIENCE, SOFTWARE, GRAPHICS,
PROGRAMMING

Abstract: Flexible manufacturing systems (FMSs) have received much attention recently due to their **importance** for designing modern factories producing small lots of complicated products to specific customer **orders**. One of the most important problems arising in this context is scheduling **parts** on machines and, connected with it, an appropriate routing of automated guided vehicles (AGVs) ensuring on-time delivery of **parts** to particular machines. This paper general a new approach to model flexible manufacturing systems, motivated by the practical application. The objective is to develop algorithmic procedures that integrate the **production schedules** with the routing of automated guided vehicles in FMS. The transportation system of the FMS model consists of two **cycles**, leading to two **separate** machining centers. These **cycles** are interconnected, with a common stretch at the inspection and retrieval area, so that the AGVs can switch between the **cycles** to obtain a higher routing flexibility. In **order** to keep a complex system simple, a routing strategy is proposed that maintains a steady, regular, cyclic flow of all available vehicles. We develop, by means of a number theoretic concept, vehicle schedules that are collision-free for any **cycle** sequence. For a given production plan, we then present an efficient dynamic programming approach to check whether or not the required raw material (for machining **parts**) can be supplied in time to the various NC-machines. This method also solves an open problem in processor scheduling where a set of jobs with a restricted number of distinct processing times is to be scheduled before deadlines on m parallel processors.

Descriptors--Author Keywords: FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEM ; SCHEDULING ; DEADLINE ; AUTOMATED GUIDED VEHICLE ; ROUTING ; DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

Cited References:

AFENTAKIS P, 1985, V1, INT J FMS
ALLAB S, 1993, MEMOIRE SCH IND ENG
BLAZEWICZ J, 1991, V4, P5, INT J FMS

BLAZEWICZ J, 1993, SCHEDULING COMPUTER
CARRIE AS, 1985, V3, P259, ROBOTICA
CHANG YL, 1984, TMS ORSA M SAN FRAN
EGBELU PJ, 1984, V22, P359, INT J PROD RES
ERSCHLER J, 1984, TMS ORSA M SAN FRAN
FINKE G, 1987, V12, P1, ENG OPT
FRIEDRICH H, 1991, V35, P321, ZOR METHODS MODELS O
JAIKUMAR R, 1986, HARVARD BUSINESS REV
JAIKUMAR R, 1992, V9, P315, J MANUF SYST
KUSIAK A, 1989, V17, ANN OPERATIONS RES
SIMONS BB, 1989, V18, P690, SIAM J COMPUT
SINRIECH D, 1992, V11, P297, J MANUF SYST
SRISHKANDARAJAH C, 1989, V17, P139, ANN OPER RES
STECKE KE, 1985, V3, P3, ANN OPER RES
STECKE KE, 1981, V19, P481, INT J PROD RES
VILLA A, 1985, V2, P97, INT J MATERIAL FLOW
YAO DD, 1985, V2, P143, MATERIAL FLOW

11/5/7 (Item 1 from file: 94)

DIALOG(R)File 94:JICST-EPlus

(c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.

02990348 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 96A0843498 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E

A Method for Designing an Assembly Line Corresponding to Global Assembly Style. Part 1. Assembly Line Method Based on BOM of MRP Technique.

DWianto G (1); OSAKI HIROKAZU (1)

(1) Okayama Univ.

Nippon Keiei Kogakkaishi(Journal of Japan Industrial Management Association), 1996, VOL.47,NO.2, PAGE.77-83, FIG.9, TBL.3, REF.7

JOURNAL NUMBER: F0241BAL ISSN NO: 0386-4812

UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 658.511/.516

LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper

MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication

ABSTRACT: In this paper, we propose a method to design an assembly line to correspond flexibly to the global assembly style based on **MRP**. The **precedence** relation is **separated** into vertical and horizontal ones from the Bill of Material (BOM in **MRP**). The criterion for **ordering** the **part** and unit is introduced to determine the **order** of **parts** which is not determined by the **precedence** relations. The assembly line is constructed by the straight line to assemble the unit and by the parallel line to the subunit according to the BOM. In straight line or parallel line, the assembly station is constructed from the several **part** supplying stations by the criterion that the assembly time is less than the pitch time and the area covering by a man or a robot is restricted. (author abst.)

DESCRIPTORS: **MRP**; process planning; **parts**; assembly line

BROADER DESCRIPTORS: plan; production planning; production line; production process; process(production); process; production process(control)

CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): KB03030P

Set	Items	Description
S1	2532805	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	46442	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N) SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT? ()PLANNING
S3	972	S1(S)S2
S4	516	S3(S) (LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART? ? OR PIECE? ? OR COMPONENT? ?)
S5	6471944	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S6	1630860	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S7	27000	S5(7N)S6
S8	6	S4 AND S7
S9	6	RD (unique items)
File	20:Dialog	Global Reporter 1997-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 Dialog

Scanned till & abstract

9/3,K/1

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

44047016 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Event Brief of Q2 2005 Protein Design Earnings Conference Call - Part 1

FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

August 04, 2005

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4470

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... the end of calendar 2005, roughly one year ahead of the Co.'s most recent **schedule**. S3. **Product** Update (S.B.) 1. Terlipressin: 1. Terlipressin, a vasopressin analog, has both orphan drug and...

... frankly, that is something we will continue to look at. It's not a high- **priority** but it is **sort** of a general corporate **priority** to try to keep us focused as we go into 2006.

9/3,K/2

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

42299998 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Event Brief of Q1 2005 LandAmerica Financial Group, Inc. Earnings Conference Call - Part 1

FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

April 28, 2005

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4565

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... factors the new business generated by the co. 1. Co. has included in its press **release** a **schedule** that reviews the operations for this segment and reconciles to the GAAP reported numbers. 2...

... have positive impact on the margins. A. (Ted Chandler) We are increasingly sensitive to the **importance** of improving our ROE and in **order** to do that it requires a bit more of a systematic look at how your ...

9/3,K/3

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

42255372 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Event Brief of Q1 2005 Amazon.com, Inc. Earnings Conference Call - Part 1

FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

April 26, 2005

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4449

... members living in their household. 5. With less than 90 days to go before its **scheduled release**, customers worldwide had already placed 700,000 pre-orders for Harry Potter and the Half...

... beauty, bedding, tableware and home furnishing products are now available to AMZN customers. 7. Third- **party** sellers remain a key **part** of the Co.'s selection expansion and active seller accounts. 1. Merchants with an **order** from a customer during the **preceding** 12 months exceeded 925,000, up by a third YoY. 8. The Co. plans to...

9/3,K/4

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

39741655 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

PalmSource, Inc. Merger & Acquisition Announcement - Part 1

FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

December 08, 2004

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4736

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... percent of whom are engineering, and the rest in sales and marketing for the most **part**. It's a very important acquisition to us because China MobileSoft is one of the...category of true smartphones. These are the open platform-based products that would allow third- **party** software, for example, to be added to the phones. So that means that more than...

... true smartphone category, they will have a choice of literally tens of thousands of third- **party** applications, in a growing number of third- **party** applications both for consumer and enterprise use. So end-users we think will benefit significantly... a more modern microkernel or kernel-based architecture, a lot of that work will pay **dividends** as we again move the application frameworks in UI to Linux. We will be able...

... combined Company to be working at sort of -- if I can use the metaphor -- higher **levels** of the operating system where we think we can add more value. Palm OS is...

... looking at competitive practices and so on. I would point out that there is certainly **precedent** for separating **sort** of the operating system or the kernel of a smartphone platform from the layers above...

... or 80 software or FOMA software from Nokia or from someone else. So there is **precedent** for this, and there's **sort** of pricing models that we think can in certain ways be applied to this situation...

9/3,K/5

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

39643997

**BHP Billiton Ltd Petroleum Customer Sector Group Briefing Sydney Conference
Call and Presentation - Part 1**

FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

December 02, 2004

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 4814

...4 major offices - Melbourne, Perth, Houston and London. The offices have all got their own **sort** of area of **importance**. Houston is obviously the hub for our Gulf of Mexico business. But it's also...about increasing the output and also some of the inflationary pressures on the project. First **production** is **scheduled** later this month. I was actually in the Gulf of Mexico about 3 weeks ago...Caesar oil pipeline and a 22% interest in the Cleopatra gas pipeline. These pipelines are **part** of a new grid system being built in the Southern Green Canyon area for the transportation of Mad Dog and Atlantis plus some other third **party** sales. Construction of these pipelines has now been completed and actually the connection to Mad...

... you can see is the Minerva project, which was approved in May 2002. The final **part** of the Minerva development, the gas plant, is now approaching completion. Construction is well advanced and pre-conditioning has started. All other **parts** of the Minerva development are now ready to produce with the Minerva 3 and 4...

9/3,K/6

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

23053080

IUSI Announces 2nd Quarter Results

CANADA NEWSWIRE

May 28, 2002

JOURNAL CODE: WCNW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 2504

... most utilities were awaiting the release of the U.S. Government's Energy Bill in **order** to analyze and **prioritize** their investment schedules over the next year. At the end of the quarter, there was...

... Arkansas facility. The new production line incorporates more automation and requires a significantly smaller staffing **level** than Batesville. We believe this will position IUSI to be the low cost supplier to...

... securing steel utility pole contracts, several of our customers have experienced abnormally high and extended **levels** of tropical spring rain causing them to reschedule their delivery requirements into our fiscal Q4 ...

... and other similar wood preservatives has had a positive impact on accelerating many utilities' interest **level** in evaluating a change to steel distribution poles. Coupled with the forthcoming publication (expected in...has used this period to optimize production capabilities in order to prepare for a high **level** of manufacturing and delivery requirement in the latter half of this calendar year. For example, as there is a much higher welding labor **component** associated with transmission structures, the number of qualified welders has been increased by 30 people through a company sponsored training initiative. At the same time, other direct labor **levels** were reduced by the elimination of redundant temporary/casual job positions. Operating Results For the...

... market is clearly indicating preference for engineered material based structures as well as a higher **level** of environmental consciousness. Our

recent announcement of an 18-month supply contract for steel utility...970
2,262 Gain on sale of subsidiary 0 0 (7,433) 0 Preferred share **dividends**
0 1,136 0 2,230 Amortization of deferred financing costs 183 889 330 1...
... 2,432 3,379 5,025 Provision for future income taxes (9) (156) (204)
(602) **Dividends** to be settled by shares 0 883 0 1,772 Accretion of
preferred shares to...

Set	Items	Description
S1	1412880	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	49234	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N) SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT? ()PLANNING
S3	4583092	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR PIECE? ? OR COMPONENT? ?
S4	2194290	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	776846	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	721	S1(S)S2
S7	283	S6(S)S3
S8	17569	S4(5N)S5
S9	18	S7 AND S8
S10	18	RD (unique items)
S11	18	S10 NOT PY>2001
File	15:ABI/Inform(R)	1971-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File	610:Business Wire	1999-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 Business Wire.
File	810:Business Wire	1986-1999/Feb 28 (c) 1999 Business Wire
File	476:Financial Times Fulltext	1982-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 Financial Times Ltd
File	613:PR Newswire	1999-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File	813:PR Newswire	1987-1999/Apr 30 (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File	634:San Jose Mercury	Jun 1985-2005/Aug 29 (c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News
File	624:McGraw-Hill Publications	1985-2005/Aug 29 (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc

Scanned title & abstract

11/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02493670 116359250

The complexity of scheduling in practice

Stoop, Paul P.M.; Wiers, Vincent C.S.

International Journal of Operations & Production Management v16n10 PP: 37
1996

ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO

WORD COUNT: 7316

...TEXT: the sequencing decision to the shopfloor.

So, if the schedule is made at the resource **level**, the **production schedule** contains a specific sequence. In this case, if the schedule is carried out literally, no **separate** sequencing decisions have to be made. However, if the schedule is made on the shopfloor **level**, all sequencing decisions are left to the shopfloor.

The theoretical relation between planning, scheduling and...time a job is completed at a machine, the shopfloor worker will choose the next **order** according to the **priority** despatching rule. Also, if the shopfloor worker decides to deviate from dispatching rules, this does...the system this can be carried out very easily by the scheduler. The system uses **priority** rules to schedule work **orders** according to due dates, which is easy to understand by the scheduler. Furthermore, the scheduler...

11/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02493665 116358845

Value chain development An account of some implementation problems

Barker, R.C.

International Journal of Operations & Production Management v16n10 PP: 23
1996

ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO

WORD COUNT: 5432

...TEXT: in-time (JIT) methods during this programme of re-engineering. For example, material requirements planning (**MRP**) push type control systems were removed completely and all material inputs were controlled by kanbans or direct cell feeds using replenishment by observation. The complete organization was also **divided** into cells with a mini factory approach to control by cell teams with continuous improvement receiving high **levels**

of attention. Throughput time reduction in all **parts** of the business became the main driver of restructuring during the years 1991-95. This... paramount if remedial work is going to be effective and remove bottlenecks and costs in **order** of **priority**. Yet as we have seen, even when this took place at Dorman Smith obstacles still...

11/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02287701 93510720

Modeling the Supply Chain

Elmaghraby, Salah E

Engineering Economist v46n4 PP: 320-328 2001

ISSN: 0013-791X JRNL CODE: EEC

WORD COUNT: 3659

...TEXT: also linear. He fails to mention a third approach which is used quite frequently, namely, **rank** the objectives in **priority order**, optimize relative to the first objective, then impose the value secured as a constraint and...giving the mathematical form of the suggested analytical models.

The last section of the book, **Part 4**, is entitled "The Future", and contains only one chapter: "Organizational Adaptation to Optimization Modeling Systems". The chapter may be divided into two **parts**. The first deals with human resources and the second with IT. The discussion of human ...and as a result, "... new types of identities are emerging." As examples, he cites "routers, **production schedulers**, inventory managers, strategy analysts and their managers." The reader may wonder why the author believes...

...you must do it yourself, painful as that may be. The author enumerates some five **stages** of "supply chain study," with an optional sixth **stage**, and suggests the duration of each. These are: organize for the study, collect data, construct...

...continue strategic scenario analysis, (with the adaptation to the tactical planning as the sixth optional **stage**). The chapter terminates on an optimistic note that the future shall see further growth of...

...new business processes based on using them to achieve integrated supply chain management at all **levels** of planning, strategic, tactical and operational. As a result, these companies will achieve considerable competitive...

11/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02244243 83155649

Information sharing in global supply chain systems

Shore, Barry

Journal of Global Information Technology Management v4n3 PP: 27-50 2001

ISSN: 1097-198X JRNL CODE: JGIT

WORD COUNT: 8955

...TEXT: the use of this technology has lowered data sharing costs.
(Angeles & Nath, 2000)

The third **stage** emphasizes a more integrative strategy. Rather than an IT infrastructure comprised of independent applications and **separate** databases to serve specific business processes, enterprise wide systems integrate and coordinate IT operations utilizing...

...systems, characterized by Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems, are the outgrowth of Manufacturing Resource Planning (**MRP II**)

applications. But early ERP systems focused exclusively on the sharing of data internal to...

...that integrate suppliers and customers into the integrated database environment (Gable, 2001). This is a **stage** in which the limited focus of EDI is being subsumed in a much larger view of data transfer and data sharing (McKendrick, 2000). In the fourth **stage**, a supply chain is characterized by strategic supplier alliances with extensive two-way information flows...

...Furthermore, data sharing extends to planning and control systems within supplier organizations. In this **stage**, the philosophy behind GIT/SCM is more than a data processing or management information system... the aggregate production plan, the raw materials requirements, the purchasing plan, and then to all **stages** in the manufacturing and distribution network. Technology at this **stage** may involve extended ERP systems, and web-based interfaces utilizing XML.

THE RESEARCH MODEL

An...to be unnecessary. Clients must approve all purchase orders. Three signatures are required for all **orders** over \$10,000. Consolidation takes **precedence** over inventory carrying costs. In addition, it is common for paperwork to be delayed as...

11/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01907415 05-58407

The effect of just-in-time with customers on organizational design and performance

Claycomb, Cindy; Droge, Cornelia; Germain, Richard
International Journal of Logistics Management v10n1 PP: 37-58 1999
ISSN: 0957-4093 JRNLM CODE: INLM
WORD COUNT: 11885

...TEXT: making authority across multiple domains. The three decentralization domains are: (1) scheduling decisions such as **priority** of **orders** and delivery dates to customers; (2) strategic decisions such as supplier selection, distribution service levels...logistics strategy integration.

Specialization

Specialization is the degree to which organizational tasks are subdivided into **separate** jobs [12]. For example, a highly specialized logistics function has a large number of specialists, such as plant facility designers, materials handling personnel, and **production schedulers**, who direct their efforts to narrowly defined sets of activities. O'Neal [42] found that...

...Furthermore, Frazier, Spekman, and O'Neal [50] stated that JIT exchanges require at least moderate **levels** of specialization. More specifically, Germain, Droge, and Daugherty [8] found that as firms increased JIT with customers, their organization structures became more specialized. Consequently, JIT with customers and the **level** of specialization of

indirect labor associated with the logistics function are expected to increase concurrently...

...JIT sellers in various activities increases and the nature of these activities changes when the **level** of JIT is high. For example, specialized staff may have to increase in numbers to...were used. It is likely that in more custom manufacturing environments, decisions regarding production scheduling, **priority** of **orders**, and **order** delivery dates are more effectively handled closer to the manufacturing processes. In terms of integration...first level supervisor

Appendix:

Decentralization: Scheduling

1. production scheduling
2. delivery dates to customers and **priority** of **orders**

Decentralization: Strategic

1. production volume
2. selecting suppliers
3. goods to be manufactured
4. the...

11/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01678065 03-29055

Experiences of a small company in productivity improvements

Gunasekaran, A; Cecille, P

Production & Inventory Management Journal v39n2 PP: 49-54 Second Quarter 1998

ISSN: 0897-8336 JRNL CODE: PIM

WORD COUNT: 3812

...TEXT: product and price; while for the latter the profit the company makes is of utmost **importance**. Thus in **order** to satisfy both, the company needs to enhance productivity, with the objectives of improving delivery...

...The organization of the production department is shown in Figure 1.

The production department is **divided** into zones of autonomous production (ZAP) defined by the categories of product. The ZAP can be **divided** into various cells: customer cells like Honda / Rover cell, Landrover cell and R3 (for Rover...

...with customers consists of the following. First a customer asks for a number of specified **parts** at a specified week and its order planning covers the next 13 weeks. The logistics department then defines a master **schedule** for **production** planning which gives a production plan for each ZAP and cell. Sometimes the customer needs **parts** for a specific day and a

specific hour to reduce its work in process and to avoid shortage of **parts**. So there should be a two-day stock in the stores to act as a...

...are sent directly to the customer. Therefore, we are only dealing with the final assembly **stage**. The current layout is shown in Figure 2.

The factory has been facing the problem...

11/3,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01484075 01-35063

Planning and scheduling today's automotive enterprises

Gould, Lawrence

Automotive Manufacturing & Production v109n4 PP: 62-66 Apr 1997

ISSN: 1086-9298 JRNL CODE: PRD

WORD COUNT: 2199

...TEXT: in ERP and the production scheduling in MES. Source: Baan Company

Manufacturing planning evolved from **material requirements planning** (MRP), a simplistic data-processing application that focuses on material availability. MRP logic consists of two processes: **breaking down** customer orders into **component parts** and simple math.

Next came manufacturing resource planning. MRP II added feedback loops to materials...car parts can't necessarily be grouped together with family car parts, and some customer **orders** have **priority** over others.

Consequently, the plans generated by ERP don't quite work on the production ...

11/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01342481 99-91877

A simulation study of FMS tool allocation procedures

Amoako-Gyampah, Kwasi; Meredith, Jack R

Journal of Manufacturing Systems v15n6 PP: 419-431 1996

ISSN: 0278-6125 JRNL CODE: JMY

WORD COUNT: 8720

...TEXT: research, a distinction is made between the different types of unique tools required by a **part** type and the number of multiple copies (duplicates) of that same tool type that are...

...tool magazine and therefore makes the tool magazine capacity more constraining. For example, a particular **part** type **scheduled** for **production** at a machine might need to be edged, grooved, and have a hole drilled. These are considered three **separate** operations, even though they all occur at the same machine. These three operations require different...

...needed for this operation. To summarize, the tool types then depend on the type of **part** and the specific operations required, and the number of

duplicate tools (or multiple copies) depends on the processing requirements of the **part** type and the economic lives of the tool types required. So, even though a **part** might require only four different tools (tool types) for its operations, its total tool requirements...this study. Due date information will, however, be provided to enable readers to understand the **priority** used in determining which part **orders** should be input next during the simulation. The use of due date information in this...

11/3,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01163486 98-12881

Just-in-time schedules for the small make-to-order shop

Sinnamon, Gordon; Milner, Susan
Canadian Journal of Administrative Sciences v12n4 PP: 340-351 Dec 1995
ISSN: 0825-0383 JRNL CODE: CJA
WORD COUNT: 7425

...ABSTRACT: to achieve as balanced a workload as possible. An algorithm is given to determine a **production schedule** which balances the workload in a situation with unpredictable demand. The mathematical model of the scheduling problem is **divided** into 3 passes. The first pass provides a formula for determining ideal production **levels** in an environment of uneven, unpredictable demand. It is necessary to be able to respond...

...pass is concerned with the problem of deriving realistic production targets from the ideal production **levels**, which generally involve fractions of models. The third pass offers an algorithm for eliminating any...

...production targets. Eliminating these infeasibilities produces the real-world sequence which will best balance the **production schedule** of the plant. ...

...TEXT: production targets. Eliminating these infeasibilities produces the real-world sequence which will best balance the **production schedule** of the plant. The mathematical model is demonstrated throughout the exposition by the use of...made. For example, it may be of value to have some simple scheme whereby the **importance** of the various **orders** (above and beyond due date **priority**) would be translated into values for the weights $\alpha_{1,k}$, $\alpha_{2,k}$...

11/3,K/10 (Item 10 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01138679 97-88073

Production control in the food processing industry: The need for flexibility in operations scheduling

Nakhla, Michel
International Journal of Operations & Production Management v15n8 PP: 73-88 1995
ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO
WORD COUNT: 6915

...TEXT: received, or else it is based on the calculation of a mean ratio

(annual tonnage **divided** by 52, i.e. the number of working weeks in the year) which is then...

...wastage with every flavour change, as well as a decline in productivity and in the **level** of activity (preparation time of a line between two products increasing from five to 20...specify start and finish dates for each of the operations. The second approach consists of **sorting** the **orders** according to **priority** drawn from a set of heuristics.

Methods of progressively placing "products" (earliest or latest sequencing ...
...and downstream margin.

This progressive placing of products in a sequence takes place after the **orders** have been **sorted** according to **priority** to minimize the number of back orders.

Methods of progressive placing operations (serial approach)

In...

...in which the different orders will be handled. We note that the objective of these **priority** rules is to define the **order** in which the batches are processed, so as to meet several objectives (e.g. minimizing...

...remaining margin ratio on number of remaining operations;

* early due date (EDD);

* combination of two **priority** rules: **order** of arrival of **orders** as long as the waiting time remains below a certain threshold, then shortest processing time...the phi-maximal subsets challenges the separation of preparation and scheduling. In fact giving an **order priority** on a line results above all from a technico-economic choice. In other words, the...

11/3,K/11 (Item 11 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01053339 97-02733

George Leland Bach and the rebirth of graduate management education in the United States, 1945-1975

Gleeson, Robert E; Schlossman, Steven
Selections v11n3 PP: 8-10+ Spring 1995
ISSN: 0882-0228 JRNL CODE: SEL
WORD COUNT: 19839.

...TEXT: Unlike any generation of young economists before or since, Bach and his cohort experienced dizzying **levels** of control over the economy during the war. The unique vantage point afforded them by wartime authority made clear the chasm that **separated** university-based economics from the day-to-day realities of managing corporations and determining economic...

...economists who needed to administer wartime price controls, banking policies, investment plans, distribution systems, and **production schedules** .

Young economists like Bach came away from their wartime experiences determined to bridge the gap...being learned in the rest of the first-year curriculum, with repeated emphasis on the **importance** of **orderly** problem-solving behavior.(35)

The ideal second-year MBA curriculum, Bach argued, would require students ...

11/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00956813 96-06206

Against decadence: The work of Robert A. Brady (1901-63)

Dowd, Douglas F

Journal of Economic Issues v28n4 PP: 1031-1061 Dec 1994

ISSN: 0021-3624 JRNL CODE: JEI

WORD COUNT: 10726

...TEXT: and rational guidance."

As Brady shows in great detail in his studies of particular industries (**Part 2** of Rationalization), it was first in Germany that "foresight" and "plan" treated as one industry what elsewhere operated **separately**, as regards location and **production schedules** --in mining, metallurgy, and the engineering industries, for example--with the result of optimum productive...on a political meaning, and thereby cause the role of the government to grow in **importance** in a **sort** of geometric ratio [1943a, 5-7].

Those words were written in 1942, by which year...

11/3,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00956565 96-05958

Maintenance scheduling: Issues, results and research needs

Paz, Noemi M; Leigh, William

International Journal of Operations & Production Management v14n8 PP: 47-69 1994

ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO

WORD COUNT: 7651

...TEXT: system and not to another. The priority system ensures that the most needed maintenance work **orders** are scheduled first. An adequate **priority** system will have four to ten levels, with four levels being common[2].

CLASSICAL SCHEDULING...order must be designed to be processed in operations that are executed in a stated **precedence order**. However the maintenance environment can have tasks that are processed according to worker discretion or...task can be specified as subtasks.

Each subtask can be scheduled separately following a described **precedence order** or the entire task can be scheduled as a unit. Some jobs are

independent of...

...waiting time: Have the personnel arrive at the maintenance site when the necessary tools and **parts** have arrived and when the machine is available. A machine is available immediately after a breakdown occurs or when it is **scheduled** for **release** to maintenance.

(10) Preventive maintenance policies can make use of idle time in the production...schedule triggering event occurs. Only the known jobs are placed on the list in a **prioritized order**. Their **order** in the list may depend on any criterion, for example, processing time length, estimated or...

...is called despatching.

Usually the list scheduling algorithm is enhanced by having the job list **ordered** according to some external **priority** scheme or rule. Many priority rules have been developed and studied. A compilation of over...

...rule results in a tie, then the next rule in the hierarchy is applied in **order** to break the tie.

Priority rules can be classified into static versus dynamic rules and local versus global rules. A...

11/3,K/14 (Item 14 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00777167 94-26559

Production planning and scheduling for seasonal demand

Buxey, Geoff

International Journal of Operations & Production Management v13n7 PP:
4-21 1993

ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO

WORD COUNT: 8143

...TEXT: be resolved via ad hoc actions such as selective overtime, job rerouting, and juggling with **order priorities**. However, the execution phase must still cope with discrepancies. as variable factors come into play...may be incorporated at the last minute. In all cases, the MPS constitutes the initial **production schedule**. It specifies models and batch quantities, is constructed largely from the bottom-up, and focuses...

...a rough indication of resources requirements. At the front end, the weekly MPS may be **broken down** into a shift-based schedule, and modified to accommodate lower- **level** constraints relating to individual batch sizes and sequences, for **component** 's or ingredients. Under **MRP** (B, E, G, K, L, P, R), or JIT (K, L) rapid materials throughput for all **stages** of manufacture is a key objective.

Overall, there is an overwhelming. leaning towards the chase...few monthly exceptions involving machine setups as long as two days. These weekly figures are **broken down** afterwards into localized **production schedules**. In most sections capacity is labour limited, but some bottleneck machines, which also make appliance **parts**, run continuously. A JIT programme is under way to improve materials flow.

When sales are...

11/3,K/15 (Item 15 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00739958 93-89179

Integrating MRPII and JIT: A management rather than a technical challenge
Sillince, J A A; Sykes, G M H
International Journal of Operations & Production Management v13n4 PP:
18-31 1993
ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO
WORD COUNT: 6573

...TEXT: tune the crude plan, and so on.

Two production management methods of current interest are **Material Requirements Planning** (MRPII) and Just-in-Time (JIT). MRPII uses sales forecasts to push orders on to the shopfloor, in a way which meets capacity constraints. Products are broken into subassemblies and **parts** and the materials requirements for each process of fabrication and processing are planned. JIT is...

...a system as a philosophy, which aims to reduce waste by ensuring that: material and **parts** are available only when they are required and not before; quality is high; processing is...
...of batches of size one for which machine set-ups are quick; machines do not **break down**; and so on. An important difference is that **MRP** (of which MRPII represents a more sophisticated extension) is a computer-based planning system, whereas...with priorities. Because the bill of materials is flat for JIT there is no implicit **priority ordering**. However, bills can be "chained" in MRPII, allowing say, a stock item to have lower **priority** than a customer **order**.

The conventional issue-receipt method of stock control is impractical for unit batch sizes in...

...part of the factory, a module, or a factory within the factory, with its own **order** book, **priority** rules, and plans to avoid bottlenecks 5!. For "JIT push" the mainframe-based MRPII does...

11/3,K/16 (Item 16 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00739956 93-89177

A recent development of the integrated manufacturing system: A hybrid of MRP and JIT
Lee, Choong Y
International Journal of Operations & Production Management v13n4 PP:
3-17 1993
ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO
WORD COUNT: 6615

...TEXT: well only when there is a uniform flow or balanced system. The demand for a **part**, which is taken from MPS, triggers or pulls the production of the last operation of...

...manufacturing by the master schedule. The critical planning interface between planning and execution is the **Material Requirements Planning (MRP)** function, which becomes the interface between planning phase and execution phase in a hybrid system...work is completed 9!.

BUFFER STOCKS

Buffer stocks see to ensure enough of the many **parts** required to keep assembly operations supplied and to process orders in time. They are usually controlled by classical reorder points methods which assume that the demands for individual **components** are independent of one another and of the demand for assembled items. It results in large inventories, because the assembly departments constantly interfere with manufacturing activities to get all the **parts** needed to complete an assembly. Computer-based **MRP** systems are usually used to solve these inventory problems. Even though buffer stocks still exist...

...up time, decreased design and manufacturing complexity, reduced kanbans, quality control at the source, machine **breakdown** elimination, improved layout, and increased deliveries 8!.

EXECUTION PHASE IN A HYBRID SYSTEM

The principle...

...eliminated with JIT, where visual inspection of WIP is much more effective. Variable routings and **prioritized** work **orders** give way to fixed routings and self-scheduling demand pull of materials 9!. The main

...the production process. The conventional shopfloor control system cannot be effective, if variable routings, rescheduling, **order** changes, or **prioritized** work **orders** are allowed. The pull system which signals when processing is to begin on a job...

11/3,K/17 (Item 17 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 Proquest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00716027 93-65248

The university in an MRP framework: The administration perspective

Pope, James A; Wermus, Marek
International Journal of Operations & Production Management v13n2 PP:
36-46 1993
ISSN: 0144-3577 JRNL CODE: IJO
WORD COUNT: 4910

...TEXT: At most it may be broken down by undergraduate and graduate enrollments. At the RCCP **level**, we do not consider individual programmes, courses, classrooms and students; we are testing the feasibility of the MPS within the rough-cut constraints. A feasible MPS is an input to **MRP** and **CRP** which will lead to a semester schedule of classes.

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS PLANNING (MRP...schedule is published so that students may begin registering (this means the release of the **orders** may **precede** by several months the beginning of the work on them). As the beginning of the...

...opinion survey administration, holidays, and so on.

(3) "Informing the production department of the relative **priorities** of the **orders** released". Many of the **priority** decisions are made at the time of schedule construction. The priorities are embedded in the...

...in the university which give the faculty members a great deal of autonomy.

(5) "Revising **order priorities** on the basis of performance and changing conditions". Because of the structure of academic schedules, there is little the department chair or faculty member can do to revise **order priorities**. Once a course is under way, it must continue until the end of the term...

11/3,K/18 (Item 18 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00646016 92-60956

An Examination of a Distribution Resource Planning Problem: DRP System Nervousness

Ho, Chrwan-jyh

Journal of Business Logistics v13n2 PP: 125-152 1992

ISSN: 0735-3766 JRNL CODE: JBL

WORD COUNT: 5040

...TEXT: the problem of system nervousness, there are managerial problems associated with DRP systems. A typical **MRP** /DRP is ineffective in dealing with "restrictions" or "exceptions" unless there is a built-in...

...in data integrity for DRP systems is the use of aggregate forecasts, which are thereafter **broken down** into detailed forecasts. They maintained that it is imperative for logistics planners to adjust detailed ...

...transportation costs, for example, could lead to increase in inventory and decrease in customer service **level**. Therefore, in a comprehensive logistics system with DRP, linkage across function boundaries is encouraged, but...

...coordinated manufacturing information system, MRP generates information used by these 'downstream' information systems--such as **order priorities**, **order** release dates, and **order** quantities. In turn, MRP reacts to information provided by these downstream systems. The completion, for...A major function for any MRP system is to deal with the adjustment of open **order priorities**. This capability, known as rescheduling, can affect the open **order priority** in terms of rescheduling in, out, or canceling the order. The problem, however, occurs when...

Set	Items	Description
S1	3851387	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	138103	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N) SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT? ()PLANNING
S3	12045368	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR PIECE? ? OR COMPONENT? ?
S4	6360875	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	1588392	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	1799	S1(S)S2
S7	470	S6(S)S3
S8	30768	S4(5N)S5
S9	14	S6 AND S8
S10	13	RD (unique items)
S11	12	S10 NOT PY>2001
File	9:Business & Industry(R)	Jul/1994-2005/Aug 29 (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)	1983-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	621:Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R)	1985-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)	1987-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	16:Gale Group PROMT(R)	1990-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	160:Gale Group PROMT(R)	1972-1989 (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File	148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB	1976-2005/Aug 30 (c) 2005 The Gale Group

Scanned title & abstract

11/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02207471 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20964053 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
The MRPII March. (includes related article on product manufacturing and delivery)(Kimball Electronics Group) (Company Operations)
Reinhart, Bruce
HP Professional, v12, n7, p16(3)
July, 1998
ISSN: 0896-145X LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract
WORD COUNT: 1675 LINE COUNT: 00140

... entry, master scheduling and shipping. To bring a what-if planning capability to the legacy **MRP** system, company developers created two **separate** instances of the Copics system on the mainframe.

TEST ANXIETY

The second instance was for...

...a new MRPII system were already in the works, the constant pressure of the change **order** situation increased the **urgency** of implementing a successful solution. So, KEG designed an IT environment based on the realization...

11/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01520463 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12231872 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Living in a material world. (Advanced Material Requirements Planning Systems decision support software for computer-aided manufacturing)
Vacca, John R.
MIDRANGE Systems, v5, n11, p34(2)
June 9, 1992
ISSN: 1041-8237 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT
WORD COUNT: 1510 LINE COUNT: 00126

... while providing the quickest customer response.

AMRPSs integrate with and multiply the power of existing **MRP** II systems. Most AMRPSs operate on the RS/6000 and HP 700 workstations. These systems act as a client to the host-based **MRP** II system and compute the detailed requirements plans for both materials and capacity in a matter of seconds. Also, because AMRPSs utilize a **separate** processor, users can access and manipulate the host **MRP** data quickly, leaving the company's host free to process other business-critical applications.

By...

...based on the system's ability to replicate the host processor's CRP, MPS and **MRP** functions in a **separate** environment. On top of these baseline functions, the system provides applications tuned to the company...

...plans (material, capacity or both). Applications like these are impossible to run in a conventional **MRP** II environment where a single requirements plan can take as much as 20 hours to...plan. "I was able to analyze which items would be expended first and guarantee that **priority orders** would be shipped on time," says Harmon. This information allowed

John Deere to avoid downtime...

11/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

08195209 Supplier Number: 68744135 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
THE 2000 GLOBAL RESEARCH TEAM. (Merrill Lynch analysts)
Institutional Investor, v34, n12, p111
Dec, 2000
Language: English Record Type: Fulltext
Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade
Word Count: 13274

... investors When we asked voters for the Global Research Team to rate 12 attributes in **order of importance** in assessing the worth of a firm's coverage, industry expertise came in tops by...

...and one macro category (Convertibles) were eliminated.

One additional note: To meet this magazine's **production schedule**, votes for analysts who changed firms after October 9 are credited to their previous organization. We counted Credit Suisse First Boston and Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette as **separate** entities because CSFB's acquisition of DLJ was not finalized until November, after our polling...

11/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06982199 Supplier Number: 58322638 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
Keep your promise.
Electronics Times, p56
Dec 13, 1999
Language: English Record Type: Fulltext
Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade
Word Count: 1173

... These sit within an ERP system but replace the MRP element as the planing engine.

MRP is normally used to batch up customer orders to plan for manufacturing efficiency. Instead APS breaks down each order into its component parts and treats each element as a **separate** order.

"APS provides a clear and accurate view of all elements on the shop floor...

...Woodward. "Therefore, if shop floor machinery does break down, the manufacturing manager can identify all **priority orders** and transfer them to the alternative production line. Not only that, but new ETAs could ...

11/3,K/5 (Item 3 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02316729 Supplier Number: 43033484 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Prospex for the future

Food Manufacture, p25

June, 1992

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 1387

... production staff - the scheduler. In the JIT world the scheduler is required to constantly modify **production schedules** to reflect changes in customer demand profiles, plant **breakdown** and maintenance, material availability, last-minute panic orders, promotional campaigns and so on.

With so...manually with the scheduler using the system interactively, or automatically based on rules and numerical **priorities**. If an **order** cannot be scheduled it will continue to schedule subsequent orders returning to the unsuccessful order...

11/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

14150770 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 80900681 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Modeling the Supply Chain. (Book Review). (book review)

Shapiro, Jeremy F.

Engineering Economist, 46, 4, 320(9)

Winter, 2001

DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

ISSN: 0013-791X

LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 3918 LINE COUNT: 00326

... also linear. He fails to mention a third approach which is used quite frequently, namely, **rank** the objectives in **priority order**, optimize relative to the first objective, then impose the value secured as a constraint and...and as a result, "... new types of identities are emerging." As examples, he cites "routers, **production scheduler s**, inventory managers, strategy analysts

11/3,K/7 (Item 2 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

13685991 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 76896820 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Work and the accommodation of chronic illness: A re-examination of the health-labour supply relationship.(Statistical Data Included)

WILSON, SVEN E.

Applied Economics, 33, 9, 1139

July 15, 2001

DOCUMENT TYPE: Statistical Data Included

ISSN: 0003-6846

LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 10628 LINE COUNT: 01222

... through spousal income).

The variables of most significance are the chronic disease variables, which are **sorted** by **order** of their **importance** at the bottom of Tables 3 and 4. These tables also contain, for comparative purposes...schooling is used as a proxy for market wage, and Equation 4 is estimated separately **by** education level.

Variations in disease effects across educational levels are shown in Table 7 for...

11/3,K/8 (Item 3 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

13112708 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 69298837 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
THE 2000 GLOBAL RESEARCH TEAM.(analysts travel the globe)
Institutional Investor International Edition, 25, 12, 87
Dec, 2000
ISSN: 0192-5660 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext
WORD COUNT: 13364 LINE COUNT: 01104

... investors. When we asked voters for the Global Research Team to rate 12 attributes in **order of importance** in assessing the worth of a firm's coverage, industry expertise came in tops by...to their previous organization. We counted Credit Suisse First Boston and Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette as **separate** entities because CSFB's acquisition of DLJ was not finalized until November, after our polling...

11/3,K/9 (Item 4 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

12569776 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 64719638 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Supply management in assembly systems with random yield and random demand.
GURNANI, HARESH; AKELLA, RAM; LEHOCZKY, JOHN
IIE Transactions, 32, 8, 701
August, 2000
ISSN: 0740-817X LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext
WORD COUNT: 11045 LINE COUNT: 00980

... in some industries in the billions of dollars, the analysis in the paper emphasizes the **importance** of coordinating component **ordering** and production decisions in the presence of supply and demand uncertainty.

In the semiconductor and...policy with two heuristic policies. Traditionally, component ordering and production (assembly) decisions have been made **separately**. Using a **MRP** approach, the component requirements are determined from the bill of materials, but the ordering across...

...is not coordinated.

In this case, the target level is determined for each component type **separately** without considering the effect of uncertainty in supply of the other component type. Using a **MRP** approach, for each component type, the order size is determined using information about the final...

11/3,K/10 (Item 5 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

09662640 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19600742 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Planning and scheduling today's automotive enterprises.
Gould, Lawrence
Automotive Manufacturing & Production, v109, n4, p62(5)

April, 1997

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 2167 LINE COUNT: 00186

... simplistic data-processing application that focuses on material availability. MRP logic consists of two processes: **breaking down** customer orders into component parts and simple math.

Next came manufacturing resource planning. MRP II...car parts can't necessarily be grouped together with family car parts. and some customer **orders** have **priority** over others.

Consequently. the plans generated by ERP don't quite work on the production...

11/3,K/11 (Item 6 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05926017 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12960129 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Prospex of the future. (computer software) (Control)

Smith, Diane

Food Manufacture, v67, n6, p25(2)

June, 1992

ISSN: 0015-6477 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 1477 LINE COUNT: 00115

... is required to constantly modify production schedules to reflect changes in customer demand profiles, plant **breakdown** and maintenance, material availability, last-minute panic orders, promotional campaigns and so on.

With so...manually with the scheduler using the system interactively, or automatically based on rules and numerical **priorities** . If an **order** cannot be scheduled it will continue to schedule subsequent orders returning to the unsuccessful order...

11/3,K/12 (Item 7 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02028459 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 03281267 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Factory of the future. (special advertising supplement)

Industry Week, v221, p49(13)

May 28, 1984

CODEN: IWEEA ISSN: 0039-0895 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 5604 LINE COUNT: 00471

... the sum of its parts.

Flexible manufacturing systems involve the interfacing of several of the **separate** basic functional elements on the factory floor. Manufacturing resource planning (**MRP** II)--a derivative of material planning and management functions.

"The central nervous system of the...saying, "but it evolved into a way to also keep due dates valid on released **orders** : **priority** planning. Then we began to recognize that when we said 'MRP' we were really talking

Set	Items	Description
S1	3480	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	249	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N)SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT?()PLANNING
S3	19056	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR CYCLE? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR PIECE? ? OR COMPONENT? ?
S4	5620	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	1580	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	6	S1(S)S2
S7	8	S1 AND S2
S8	7	S7 AND S3
S9	202	S4(S)S5
S10	0	S7 AND S9
S11	5	RD S8 (unique items)

File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2005/Aug
(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc

11/3,K/1

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00141248 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: SupplyWorksMax (009091)**TITLE: Suppliers Join the Team: SupplyWorks MAX helps automotive supplier...**

AUTHOR: Kodama, David

SOURCE: Managing Automation, v17 n8 p32(2) Aug 2002

ISSN: 0089-3805

HOMEPAGE: <http://www.managingautomation.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20030130

...a collaborative supply chain management (SCM) system online that allows the firm to economically manage **separate** connections with each customer supplied. SupplyWorks MAX's applications help customers exchange information and communicate...

...communicating efficiently with suppliers, streamlines and automates procurement of direct materials and optimizes flow of **parts** and materials into manufacturing organizations. Visibility to the supply chain is provided, along with performance...

...expansion and increased supply chain complexity. Morse TEC now starts its procurement processes by looking **MRP** demand from a J. D. Edwards & Company enterprise resource planning (ERP) system, and by using...

11/3,K/2

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00130243 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: ObjectSwitch (712728)**TITLE: Kabira Automates API Generation**

AUTHOR: Joukhadar, Kristina

SOURCE: Information Week, v835 p71(1) Apr 30, 2001

ISSN: 8750-6874

HOMEPAGE: <http://www.informationweek.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20021130

Kabira Technologies is **scheduled** to **release** two new software **components** for its ObjectSwitch integration server and development platform. The Business Accelerator **component** will let new services and

business processes be defined and modeled in the Unified Modeling Language Activity Diagram to be fed into ObjectSwitch's Design Center, which **separates** the business logic from the adaptor code. The Adaptor Factory **component** will automatically create client and server adapters for the ObjectSwitch server from any application or network equipment through **Component** Object Model, CORBA, Java, SQL, or XML interfaces. Instead of working with the more conventional...

11/3,K/3

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00128508 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: Optiva 3.0 (773484)

TITLE: Bridging the Product Development Divide

AUTHOR: Gaeta, Julie

SOURCE: Customer Relationship Management, v4 n11 pe12(1) Jan 2001

ISSN: 1523-1240

HOME PAGE: <http://www.crmmag.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20010630

TITLE: Bridging the Product Development Divide

...is delivered. Optiva has not only a central repository for information-sharing, but also has **components** that make the guideline and restriction process easier and smoother, and also manage workflow, program ...

DESCRIPTORS: Enterprise Resource Planning; Manufacturing; Manufacturing Execution Systems; **Material Requirements Planning** ; Supply Chain Management

11/3,K/4

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00122164 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: MANAGE 2000 (582557); UniData (401404)

TITLE: ERP Stokes Hearth's Success

AUTHOR: Quinn, Paul

SOURCE: ID Systems, v19 n12 p37(6) Dec 1999

ISSN: 0892-676X

HOME PAGE: <http://www.idsystems.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20040130

...The same MANAGE 2000 is used at each site, but the software can run in **separate** databases with different software options. Variables include customers, products, businesses, dealer interactions, and distributor relationships...

...real-time. Hearsh has also enhanced its resource planning abilities by using tools and the material requirements planning part of the system for forecasting, guiding the assembly process, and scheduling final products around raw...

11/3,K/5

DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00118235 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: Supply Chain Management (833444)**TITLE: We Must Never Break the Chain**

AUTHOR: Ritter, David

SOURCE: Intelligent Enterprise, v2 n9 p68(3) Jun 22, 1999

ISSN: 1524-3621

HOMEPAGE: <http://www.intelligententerprise.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20001230

...spot bidding in online auctions, full service procurement, and inventory management. The e-marketplace can **level** the playing field, and has the potential to allow all suppliers to compete for business...

...companies. Direct purchasing is the core of the supply chain, and direct materials can be **divided** into highly specific **components**, custom **parts** manufactured to specification, and commodity **parts** and materials. Supply chain automation employs technology to lower the number of, or eliminate altogether...

DESCRIPTORS: Business Planning; E-Commerce; Internet Marketing; **Material Requirements Planning**; **Part** Ordering; Purchasing; Supply Chain Management

Set	Items	Description
S1	124	AU=(HEGDE, S? OR HEGDE S?)
S2	81	AU=(MILNE, R? OR MILNE R?)
S3	7	AU=(ORZELL, R? OR ORZELL R?)
S4	2	AU=(PATI, M? OR PATI M?)
S5	128	AU=(PATIL, S? OR PATIL S?)
S6	2	S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200555
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent

File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr(Updated 050801)
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO

File 344:Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2005/May
(c) 2005 European Patent Office

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Aug W03
(c) 2005 European Patent Office

File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2005/UB=20050825,UT=20050818
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio

Scanned Titles & abstract

6/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015405307 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-467448/200344
XRPX Acc No: N03-372005

Production plan computation method for component part numbers in semiconductor manufacturing industry, involves calculating material requirement planning and best-can-do production plan for each manufacturing stage

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)
Inventor: HEGDE S R ; MILNE R J ; ORZELL R A ; PATI M C ; PATIL S P
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20030065415 A1 20030403 US 2001934662 A 20010822 200344 B
US 6701201 B2 20040302 US 2001934662 A 20010822 200417

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001934662 A 20010822

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20030065415	A1		27	G06F-019/00	
US 6701201	B2			G06F-017/60	

Abstract (Basic): US 20030065415 A1

NOVELTY - A material requirement planning (MRP) production plan and a best-can-do production plan, are calculated for each manufacturing stage of a bill of materials (BOM) using a heuristic or linear programming processing. Based on the best-can-do calculation, MRP production solution information is prepared and passed recursively forward to a next manufacturing stage.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) components part number production plan computing system; and
- (2) machine readable medium containing components part number production plan program.

USE - For computing production plan of component part numbers in semiconductor manufacturing industry.

ADVANTAGE - Provides efficient allocation of limited manufacturing resources overtime in order to meet customer demand.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart illustrating the component part number production plan computation method in semiconductor manufacturing industry.

pp; 27 DwgNo 11/13

Title Terms: PRODUCE; PLAN; COMPUTATION; METHOD; COMPONENT; PART; NUMBER; SEMICONDUCTOR; MANUFACTURE; INDUSTRIAL; CALCULATE; MATERIAL; REQUIRE; PLAN; CAN; PRODUCE; PLAN; MANUFACTURE; STAGE

Derwent Class: T01; U11

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60; G06F-019/00

File Segment: EPI

6/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015250856 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-311782/200330
XRPX Acc No: N03-248236

Product supply schedule method in semiconductor industry, involves rationing available product supply corresponding to divided priority ranked product release schedule, and providing schedule for supplying product

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: HEGDE S R ; MILNE R J ; ORZELL R A ; PATI M C ; PATIL S P

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 20020198757	A1	20021226	US 2001891850	A	20010626	200330 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001891850 A 20010626

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020198757	A1	19	G06F-017/60	

Abstract (Basic): US 20020198757 A1

NOVELTY - A priority ranked product release schedule is divided into certain level and is sorted in priority order based on business rules. A schedule for supplying product is provided by rationing the available product supply corresponding to divided schedules.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) product supply schedule optimizing method;
- (2) product supply schedule optimizing system; and
- (3) machine readable medium storing product supply schedule code.

USE - For providing supply schedule for products such as semiconductor device in semiconductor industry, used for manufacturing electronic products such as personal computer, printer, CD player, etc.

ADVANTAGE - Enables determining efficient allocation of capacity and product supply by rationing available product supply corresponding to specific schedule. Thus feasible schedule is provided for releasing product and shipments to specific location.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram showing manufacturing information of semiconductor device.

pp; 19 DwgNo 3/9

Title Terms: PRODUCT; SUPPLY; SCHEDULE; METHOD; SEMICONDUCTOR; INDUSTRIAL; RATION; AVAILABLE; PRODUCT; SUPPLY; CORRESPOND; DIVIDE; PRIORITY; RANK; PRODUCT; RELEASE; SCHEDULE; SCHEDULE; SUPPLY; PRODUCT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

Set	Items	Description
S1	124	AU=(HEGDE, S? OR HEGDE S?)
S2	81	AU=(MILNE, R? OR MILNE R?)
S3	7	AU=(ORZELL, R? OR ORZELL R?)
S4	2	AU=(PATI, M? OR PATI M?)
S5	128	AU=(PATIL, S? OR PATIL S?)
S6	2	S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
S7	329	S1:S5
S8	6	S7 AND IC=G06F-017/60
S9	4	S8 NOT S4

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200555
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent

File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr(Updated 050801)
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO

File 344:Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2005/May
(c) 2005 European Patent Office

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Aug W03
(c) 2005 European Patent Office

File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2005/UB=20050825,UT=20050818
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio

9/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014806061

WPI Acc No: 2002-626767/200267

Related WPI Acc No: 1999-244514; 1999-263525

XRPX Acc No: N02-495684

Internet services management for customer interactive trouble ticket maintenance system, has browser generating an object-oriented query for trouble ticket status based on search criteria and transaction server for query filters creation

Patent Assignee: COGGER T J (COGG-I); KUNKEL I A (KUNK-I); MILLER D T (MILL-I); PATIL S P (PATI-I)

Inventor: COGGER T J; KUNKEL I A; MILLER D T; **PATIL S P**

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 20020087383	A1	20020704	US 9760655	A	19970926	200267 B
			US 98159403	A	19980924	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9760655 P 19970926; US 98159403 A 19980924

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020087383	A1	33	G06F-017/60	Provisional application US 9760655

Abstract (Basic): US 20020087383 A1

NOVELTY - Trouble ticket management system includes a client/customer web browser application that generates an object-oriented query request for obtaining status of an existing trouble ticket based on customer-specified search criteria including down loaded trouble ticket response information containing trouble status information of existing trouble tickets in accordance with the request.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A transaction server includes process for enabling creation of customer-specific trouble ticket query filters enabling future query requests having pre-determined search criteria, the query filters downloaded to the client web browser application for user selection prior to generating the request object.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for a method of remotely generating a trouble ticket for a network event at a customer workstation over the Internet.

USE - Internet communications network services for customer interactive trouble reporting and monitoring in trouble ticket maintenance/management system, that enables a customer to generate a trouble ticket relating to a service provided.

ADVANTAGE - Provides a system and method for allowing a customer to remotely access a service provider's trouble ticketing system. This remote access enables a customer to seamlessly open a trouble ticket and identify the status of all trouble tickets pertaining to his organization.

Integrated interface for web-based customer care and trouble management

pp; 33 DwgNo 0/11

Title Terms: SERVICE; MANAGEMENT; CUSTOMER; INTERACT; TROUBLE; TICKET; MAINTAIN; SYSTEM; GENERATE; OBJECT; ORIENT; QUERY; TROUBLE; TICKET; STATUS; BASED; SEARCH; CRITERIA; TRANSACTION; SERVE; QUERY; FILTER; CREATION

Derwent Class: T01; W01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

9/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014669255 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2002-489959/200252

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-392845; 2002-426756; 2003-102923; 2003-209187;

2003-247127; 2003-265995; 2003-298669; 2003-401544; 2003-492116;

2003-492140; 2003-863872; 2004-041065; 2004-803926; 2005-180188;

2005-252932; 2005-403352

XRPX Acc No: N02-387342

Computer program product for gain adjustment while scanning biological material arrays, involves using portions of user selected gain value, based on threshold value

Patent Assignee: AFFYMETRIX INC (AFFY-N); KAUSHIKKAR S V (KAUS-I); MCKENZIE E E (MCKE-I); STEPHENS J C (STEP-I); WEINER N K (WEIN-I)

Inventor: KAUSHIKKAR S V; MCKENZIE E E; **PATIL S S**; STEPHENS J C; WEINER N K

Number of Countries: 023 Number of Patents: 006

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
WO 200235441	A2	20020502	WO 2001US26297	A	20010822	200252 B
US 20020024026	A1	20020228	US 2000226999	P	20000822	200252
			US 2001286578	P	20010426	
			US 2001682074	A	20010717	
AU 200235118	A	20020506	AU 200235118	A	20010822	200257
US 20020168094	A1	20021114	US 2000226999	P	20000822	200277
			US 2001286578	P	20010426	
			US 2001682071	A	20010717	
JP 2004512533	W	20040422	WO 2001US26297	A	20010822	200428
			JP 2002538352	A	20010822	
US 6789040	B2	20040907	US 2000226999	P	20000822	200459
			US 2001286578	P	20010426	
			US 2001682074	A	20010717	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001682076 A 20010717; US

2000226999 P 20000822; US 2001286578 P 20010426; US 2001682071 A 20010717

; US 2001682074 A 20010717

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200235441 A2 E 105 G06F-019/00

Designated States (National): AU CA JP US

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

US 20020024026 A1 25 G01V-008/00 Provisional application US 2000226999

Provisional application US 2001286578

AU 200235118 A G06F-019/00 Based on patent WO 200235441

US 20020168094 A1 G06K-009/00 Provisional application US 2000226999

Provisional application US 2001286578

JP 2004512533 W 165 G01N-021/01 Based on patent WO 200235441

US 6789040 B2 G01C-017/00 Provisional application US 2000226999

Provisional application US 2001286578

Abstract (Basic): WO 200235441 A2

NOVELTY - A user interface (810A) enables the user to select a gain value. The gains of an emission detector and a variable gain element are adjusted based on portions of the user selected gain value, after comparing those portions with a threshold value.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) Gain adjustment system;
- (2) Gain adjustment method.

USE - For scanning arrays of biological material like probe arrays.

ADVANTAGE - The user involvement is reduced, since the scanner user is not required to provide information regarding locations of probes on the array's substrate.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figures show functional block diagrams of a scanner control and analysis application.

User interface (810A)

pp; 105 DwgNo 8A, 8B/16

Title Terms: COMPUTER; PROGRAM; PRODUCT; GAIN; ADJUST; SCAN; BIOLOGICAL; MATERIAL; ARRAY; PORTION; USER; SELECT; GAIN; VALUE; BASED; THRESHOLD; VALUE

Derwent Class: S05; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G01C-017/00; G01N-021/01; G01V-008/00; G06F-019/00; G06K-009/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G01C-019/00; G01N-021/64; G01N-037/00; **G06F-017/60** ; H04N-001/04

File Segment: EPI

9/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014572141 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2002-392845/200242

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-426756; 2002-489959; 2003-265995; 2003-492116; 2004-803926; 2005-180188

XPX Acc No: N02-307955

Image analyzing method for computer system, involves analyzing secondary image based on retrieved grid alignment data of primary image

Patent Assignee: AFFYMETRIX INC (AFFY-N); KAUSHIKKAR S V (KAUS-I); PATIL S (PATI-I)

Inventor: KAUSHIKKAR S V; MCKENZIE E E; **PATIL S S** ; STEPHENS J C; WEINER N K; **PATIL S**

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 20020025082	A1	20020228	US 2000226999	P	20000822	200242 B
			US 2000242973	P	20001024	
			US 2001286578	P	20010426	
			US 2001682076	A	20010717	
JP 2004512533	W	20040422	WO 2001US26297	A	20010822	200428
			JP 2002538352	A	20010822	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001682076 A 20010717; US

2000226999 P 20000822; US 2000242973 P 20001024; US 2001286578 P 20010426 ; US 2001682071 A 20010717; US 2001682074 A 20010717

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20020025082 A1 26 G06K-009/32 Provisional application US 2000226999
Provisional application US 2000242973
Provisional application US 2001286578
JP 2004512533 W 165 G01N-021/01 Based on patent WO 200235441

Abstract (Basic): US 20020025082 A1

NOVELTY - A grid is aligned with a primary image, and a grid alignment data is generated based on the alignment of the grid and is stored in a memory. Grid alignment data is retrieved to analyze a secondary image.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) Computer program product for image analyzing method;
- (b) Scanning system

USE - For placing alignment grids on scanned images of biological materials in computer system.

ADVANTAGE - The grid alignment need not be performed on images other than the primary image and need not be displayed for other images. Organizes, accesses and analyzes large amount of information collected by scanning microarrays. Assists a user to obtain and visualize the large amounts of information generated by scanners.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the functional block diagram of scanner control and analysis application.

pp; 26 DwgNo 8/12

Title Terms: IMAGE; METHOD; COMPUTER; SYSTEM; SECONDARY; IMAGE; BASED; RETRIEVAL; GRID; ALIGN; DATA; PRIMARY; IMAGE

Derwent Class: S05; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G01N-021/01; G06K-009/32

International Patent Class (Additional): G01N-021/64; G01N-037/00;

G06F-017/60 ; H04N-001/04

File Segment: EPI

9/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012438406 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1999-244514/199920

Related WPI Acc No: 1999-263525

XRPX Acc No: N99-181965

Integrated interface for web-based customer care and trouble management

Patent Assignee: COGGER T J (COGG-I); KUNKEL I A (KUNK-I); MILLER D T (MILL-I); PATIL S P (PATI-I); MUNGUIA W J (MUNG-I); PFISTER R A (PFIS-I); SUSCHECK C A (SUSC-I); GOBIN P (GOBI-I); HALL H H (HALL-I); HAURLUCK C R (HAUR-I); KANZE D R (KANZ-I); LIBURD S W (LIBU-I); SANDT K V (SAND-I); SWEI J H (SWEI-I); MCI WORLDCOM INC (MCIW-N); MCI COMMUNICATIONS CORP (MCIC-N); WORLDCOM INC (WORL-N)

Inventor: MUNGUIA W J; PFISTER R A; SUSCHECK C A; COGGER T J; KUNKEL I A; MILLER D T; PATIL S P; GOBIN P; HALL H H; HAURLUCK C R; KANZE D R; LIBURD S W; SANDT K V; SWEI J H; BLADOW C R; DEVINE C Y; SCHWARZ E; SHAMASH A; SHOULBERG R W; WOOD J A

Number of Countries: 025 Number of Patents: 008

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
WO 9915974	A1	19990401	WO 98US20138	A	19980925	199920 B
AU 9896672	A	19990412	AU 9896672	A	19980925	199934
US 6032184	A	20000229	US 95581728	A	19951229	200018

			US 9760655	P	19970926	
			US 98159701	A	19980924	
US 6115040	A	20000905	US 9760655	P	19970926	200044
			US 98159515	A	19980924	
US 20010052013	A1	20011213	US 9760655	P	19970926	200204
			US 98159513	A	19980924	
US 20020087383	A1	20020704	US 9760655	P	19970926	200267
			US 98159403	A	19980924	
US 20040193512	A1	20040930	US 98159405	A	19980924	200465 N
			US 2004822509	A	20040412	
US 6859783	B2	20050222	US 95581728	A	19951229	200515
			US 9760655	P	19970926	
			US 98159403	A	19980924	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9760655 P 19970926; US 95581728 A 19951229; US 98159701 A 19980924; US 98159515 A 19980924; US 98159513 A 19980924; US 98159403 A 19980924; US 2004822509 A 20040412

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
WO 9915974	A1	E	61	G06F-013/00	
Designated States (National): AU BR CA JP MX SG					
Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE					
AU 9896672	A				Based on patent WO 9915974
US 6032184	A			G06F-017/60	CIP of application US 95581728
					Provisional application US 9760655
US 6115040	A			G06F-003/00	Provisional application US 9760655
US 20010052013	A1			G06F-015/173	Provisional application US 9760655
US 20020087383	A1		33	G06F-017/60	Provisional application US 9760655
US 20040193512	A1			G06F-017/60	Cont of application US 98159405
					Cont of patent US 6745229
US 6859783	B2			G06F-017/60	CIP of application US 95581728
					Provisional application US 9760655

Abstract (Basic): WO 9915974 A1

NOVELTY - A first tier of software servers is resident on a customer workstation (10) and provides customer access to the enterprise system having one or more downloadable application objects (11), back-plane server objects (12) and one or more presentation server objects (13) with a browser (14). A second or middle tier (16) is provided with secure web servers (24) and a back-end or third tier (18) has applications directed to legacy back-end servers and the workstation provides a platform-independent browser-based consistent user interface

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An independent claim is included for a method of remotely generating a trouble ticket for a network event

USE - Interactive trouble reporting and monitoring in Internet communications

ADVANTAGE - Capable of customer opening and monitoring of trouble tickets and identifying of status of all trouble tickets pertaining to the organization

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing is a diagrammatic overview of architecture framework of an enterprise network system

Customer workstation (10)

Downloadable application object (11)

Back-plane server (12)

Browser (14)

Middle tier (16)

Secure web server (24)
Third tier (18)
pp; 61 DwgNo 1/15
Title Terms: INTEGRATE; INTERFACE; WEB; BASED; CUSTOMER; CARE; TROUBLE;
MANAGEMENT
Derwent Class: T01; W01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-003/00; G06F-013/00; G06F-015/173;
G06F-017/60
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/16
File Segment: EPI

Set	Items	Description
S1	766	AU=(HEGDE, S? OR HEGDE S?)
S2	2660	AU=(MILNE, R? OR MILNE R?)
S3	3	AU=(ORZELL, R? OR ORZELL R?)
S4	9	AU=(PATI, M? OR PATI M?)
S5	2702	AU=(PATIL, S? OR PATIL S?)
S6	0	S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
S7	6126	S1:S5
S8	2	S7 AND PRODUCTION()SCHEDUL?
S9	2	RD (unique items)
File	2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File	35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Aug	(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File	65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Aug W4	(c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File	99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jul	(c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File	474:New York Times Abs 1969-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 The New York Times
File	475:Wall Street Journal Abs 1973-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 The New York Times
File	583:Gale Group Globalbase(TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13	(c) 2002 The Gale Group
File	6:NTIS 1964-2005/Aug W2	(c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File	7:Social SciSearch(R) 1972-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File	8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
File	14:Mechanical and Transport Engineer Abstract 1966-2005/Aug	(c) 2005 CSA.
File	34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Aug W3	(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File	94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jul W1	(c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File	434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec	(c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File	15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File	20:Dialog Global Reporter 1997-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 Dialog
File	610:Business Wire 1999-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 Business Wire.
File	810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28	(c) 1999 Business Wire
File	476:Financial Times Fulltext 1982-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 Financial Times Ltd
File	613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File	813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30	(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File	634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News
File	624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File	9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Aug 29	(c) 2005 The Gale Group
File	275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Aug 30	(c) 2005 The Gale Group

File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2005/Aug 30
(c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Aug 30
(c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Aug 30
(c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
(c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Aug 30
(c)2005 The Gale Group
File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2005/Aug
(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc

9/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

4546694 INSPEC Abstract Number: B9401-0140-012

Title: A market-driven methodology for improving servicability through an integrated customer/supplier partnership (CSP)

Author(s): Rothberg, S.; Hilmar, J.; Milne, R.J. ; Konopka, J.

Author Affiliation: IBM East Fishkill, Hopewell Junction, NY, USA

Conference Title: IEEE/SEMI Advanced Semiconductor Manufacturing Conference and Workshop. ASMC '92 Proceedings (Cat. No.92CH3182-3) p.2

Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY, USA

Publication Date: 1992 Country of Publication: USA v+232 pp.

ISBN: 0 7803 0740 2

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7803 0740 2/92/\$3.00

Conference Sponsor: IEEE; Semicond. Equipment & Mater. Int

Conference Date: 30 Sept.-1 Oct. 1992 Conference Location: Cambridge, MA, USA

Language: English Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)

Treatment: General, Review (G)

Abstract: Summary form only given. The customer/supplier partnership (CSP), an innovative market-driven supply/commit process which integrates customer and supplier business operations, is discussed. CSP provides quick turn-around in a dynamic market, and produces accurate, detailed delivery projections which optimize customer **production schedules** and supplier servicability. CSP's all-encompassing approach to the supply/commit process resulted in systems integration, enhanced work-in-progress (WIP) prioritization, six-sigma defect reductions and significant cycle time reductions across process steps, resulting in a 60% reduction in the overall order/commit cycle. The business process can be credited with delivering 100% customer serviceability since its recent implementation. (0 Refs)

Subfile: B

Descriptors: marketing; production

Identifiers: market-driven methodology; servicability; integrated customer/supplier partnership; business operations; CSP; dynamic market; delivery projections; customer **production schedules**; supplier servicability; work-in-progress; six-sigma defect reductions; cycle time reductions

Class Codes: B0140 (Administration and management); B0170 (Project and production engineering)

9/5/2 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

918155 ORDER NO: AAD86-11463

DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR CAPACITY PLANNING AND OPERATIONAL DESIGN (PRODUCTION , SCHEDULING , MANAGEMENT)

Author: **PATI, MAHESH CHANDRA**

Degree: PH.D.

Year: 1986

Corporate Source/Institution: CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY (0042)

Source: VOLUME 47/03-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 1252. 156 PAGES

Descriptors: OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Descriptor Codes: 0796

The purpose of this dissertation was to provide a decision support system to address the capacity planning and operational design issues of a multi-product, multi-family, multi-stage serial flow production line. The existing algorithms find **production schedules** either for a single product case or for a multi-product, single family manufacturing system of only one stage. The latter problem is an NP complete problem.

The model developed in this thesis is called the Manufacturing Analysis System (MAS). MAS determines a feasible schedule that will minimize the total setup and inventory holding costs which should be close to the optimal schedule. The Extended Basic Period (EBP) approach is used to determine a feasible schedule. With this approach, product cycle lengths are expressed as integer multiples (cycle multipliers) of a reference cycle length, called the Rotational Cycle. The product of the least common multiplier of the cycle multipliers and the rotational cycle length is called the Horizon. Since each stage can have a different rotational cycle length and horizon length, the number of possible combinations for a multi-stage problem is infinite.

Properties of an optimal schedule were determined which showed that the horizons for each of the stages were equal. These properties also reduced the number of possible choices of schedule from an infinite set to a finite set. Further theoretical development reduced the maximum number of enumerations required per product from a polynomial function to a linear function in the number of stages. However, the theoretical work was developed in such a way as to recognize the realities of manufacturing environments.

A hierarchical formulation was developed which, along with the other theoretical work, made the model computationally feasible. This model was used to determine the schedule, after which a Closed Queue Network model analyzes the shop dynamics.

MAS was validated by comparing the results of a multi-product, single family and single stage problem against that of the existing algorithms designed specifically for the simpler problem. The solution from MAS was as good as that of the best of the other algorithms.

Set	Items	Description
S1	2046931	DIVID? OR DISAGGREGATE OR SEPARAT??? OR BREAKDOWN OR BREAK- ()DOWN OR BREAKING()DOWN OR BROKEN()DOWN
S2	1538	(PRODUCT? OR RELEASE? OR COMPONENT OR SUPPLY) (1N) SCHEDULE? OR MRP OR MATERIAL()REQUIREMENT?()PLANNING
S3	7487939	LEVEL? OR STAGE? ? OR 'CYCLE? ? OR PART? ? OR PIECE? ? OR C- OMPONENT? ?
S4	754435	SORT??? OR ORDER??? OR RANK????
S5	135570	PRIORIT? OR IMPORTANCE OR URGENCY OR PRECED?
S6	109	S1 AND S2
S7	63	S6 AND S3
S8	22	S7 AND S4
S9	2	S8 AND S5

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200555

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent

File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr(Updated 050801)

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO

File 344:Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2005/May

(c) 2005 European Patent Office

9/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015250856 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2003-311782/200330

XRPX Acc No: N03-248236

Product supply schedule method in semiconductor industry, involves rationing available product supply corresponding to divided priority ranked product release schedule, and providing schedule for supplying product

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: HEGDE S R; MILNE R J; ORZELL R A; PATI M C; PATIL S P

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 20020198757	A1	20021226	US 2001891850	A	20010626	200330 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001891850 A 20010626

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020198757	A1	19	G06F-017/60	

US 20020198757 A1 19 G06F-017/60

Abstract (Basic): US 20020198757 A1

NOVELTY - A priority ranked product release schedule is divided into certain level and is sorted in priority order based on business rules. A schedule for supplying product is provided by rationing the available product supply corresponding to divided schedules.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) product supply schedule optimizing method;
- (2) product supply schedule optimizing system; and
- (3) machine readable medium storing product supply schedule code.

USE - For providing supply schedule for products such as semiconductor device in semiconductor industry, used for manufacturing electronic products such as personal computer, printer, CD player, etc.

ADVANTAGE - Enables determining efficient allocation of capacity and product supply by rationing available product supply corresponding to specific schedule. Thus feasible schedule is provided for releasing product and shipments to specific location.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram showing manufacturing information of semiconductor device.

pp; 19 DwgNo 3/9

Title Terms: PRODUCT; SUPPLY; SCHEDULE; METHOD; SEMICONDUCTOR; INDUSTRIAL; RATION; AVAILABLE; PRODUCT; SUPPLY; CORRESPOND; **DIVIDE** ; **PRIORITY** ; **RANK** ; PRODUCT; RELEASE; SCHEDULE; SCHEDULE; SUPPLY; PRODUCT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

9/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013093414 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2000-265286/200023

XRPX Acc No: N00-198607

Schedule data production system for production planning of industrial product manufacturing line, divides process sequence based on manufacturing order and condition data, which are assigned according to priority

Patent Assignee: SONY CORP (SONY); WIN YG (WINW-N)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
JP 2000071151	A	20000307	JP 98243728	A	1998082	200023 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 98243728 A 19980828

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 2000071151 A 13 B23Q-041/08

Abstract (Basic): JP 2000071151 A

NOVELTY - A setting unit (2) maintains the **priority level** of each process in the production facility. The process sequence is **divided** by a processor (3) based on the manufacturing **order** and production condition data. The **divided** processes are assigned according to **priority level**. The number of display or print section of bar chart is varied based on display/printing intensities. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The manufacturing **order** data comprising production condition number is produced. The condition data describing process conditions is stored in the memory (1).

USE - For production planning of industrial product manufacturing line.

ADVANTAGE - Prevents generation of mistake in the output chart, by eliminating variation in printing or display intensities. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows block diagram of the **schedule data production** system. (1) Memory; (2) Setting unit; (3) Processor.

Dwg.1/10

Title Terms: SCHEDULE; DATA; PRODUCE; SYSTEM; PRODUCE; PLAN; INDUSTRIAL; PRODUCT; MANUFACTURE; LINE; **DIVIDE** ; PROCESS; SEQUENCE; BASED; MANUFACTURE; **ORDER** ; CONDITION; DATA; ASSIGN; ACCORD; **PRIORITY**

Derwent Class: P56; T01; T06

International Patent Class (Main): B23Q-041/08

International Patent Class (Additional): G05B-015/02; G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI; EngPI